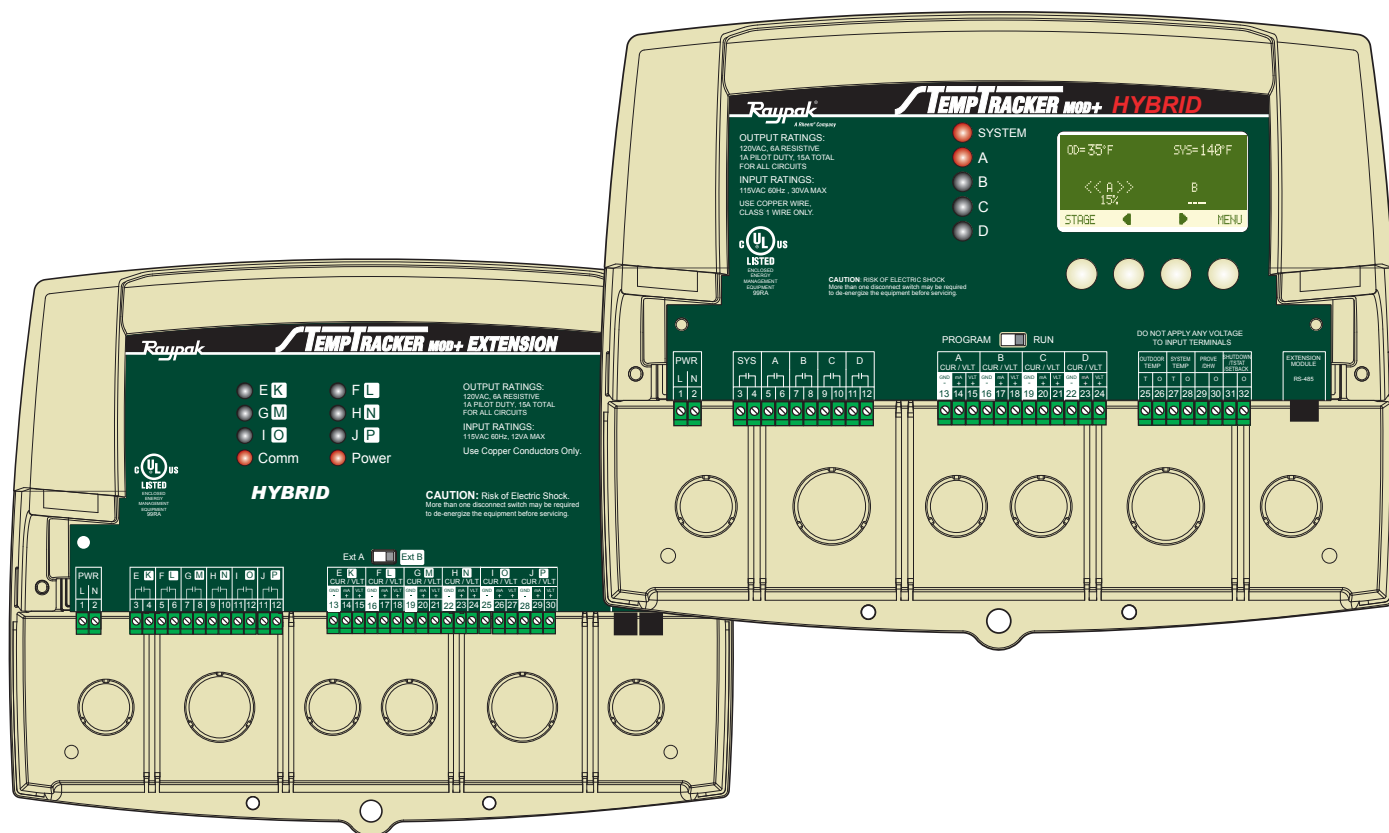




INSTALLATION AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

TEMPTRACKER *MOD+ HYBRID*

CONDENSING and NON-CONDENSING HYBRID CONTROL



⚠ WARNING

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid is strictly an operating control. It CANNOT be used as a limit control. All boilers must have all safety and limit controls required by code. It is the responsibility of the installer to verify that all the safety and limits are working properly before the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid is installed.

This control must be installed by a licensed electrician.

Contents

Hybrid Logic Overview	3
Modulating Logic Overview	4
Staging Logic Overview	4
Outdoor Reset Concept	5
TempTracker mod+ Hybrid Layout	6
TempTracker mod+ Extension Layout	7
Features	8
Make Sure You Have the Right Control	9
Installation	10
Mounting the Enclosure	10
Install the Sensors	11
System Sensor Installation	11
Outdoor Sensor Installation	11
Wiring	12
Wiring the Power	12
Wiring the Sensors	12
Wiring the Shutdown, Tstat, or Setback	12
Wiring the Prove	13
Wiring the Indirect Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Call	13
Wiring the System Output	13
Wiring the Boilers	14
Wiring Boiler Activation or On/Off Staging Boilers	14
Wiring Multi-Stage Boilers	14
Wiring to Modulating Boilers	14
Wiring the 4-20mA Modulating Boilers	15
Wiring the Voltage Modulating or Staging Boilers	15
Connecting to the Extension Panels and 4-20mA EMS Interface	16
Program Change Switch Setting	17
Startup Sequence	17
Boiler Type	17
Sensor Type	17
EMS Input Mode	17
EMS 4mA and 20mA Set Points	20
Hybrid Startup Settings	20
Switch Set Point	20
Switch Differential	20
Switch Delay	21
Heavy Load Sequence 2nd Group	21
Condensing and Non-Condensing Boiler Type	21
Condensing and Non-Condensing Boiler Number	21
HYBRID Modulating Boiler Settings	22
Modulating Output Type	22
Modulating Mode	22
HYBRID Staging Boiler Settings	22
Staging Output Type	22
Staging Mode	22
Modulating Boiler Settings	23
Boiler Number	23
Modulating Output Type	23
Modulating Mode	23
Staging Boiler Settings	24
Staging Output Type	24
Boiler Number	24
Staging Mode	24
Startup Settings (Continued)	24
Prove/Indirect Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Priority	24
Startup Settings	17

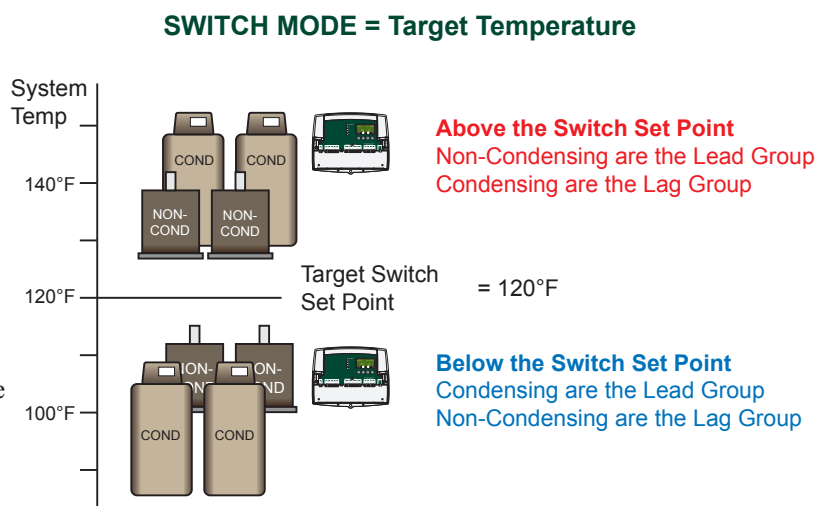
HYBRID Startup Menu	18
Modulating and Staging Startup Menu	19
Indirect Domestic Hot Water Set Point	25
Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode	25
Boost Mode	25
Sensor Fault	25
Setting the Control to Factory Defaults	26
HYBRID Operating Menu	27
Modulating and Staging Operating Menu	28
Program Change Switch Setting	29
Season	29
Reset Ratio	29
Offset	29
Outdoor Cutoff Temperature	30
Minimum Water Temp	30
Maximum Water Temp	30
Operating Settings	29
System Settings	31
Setback	31
Purge Delay	31
System Run-On	31
Lead Boiler Rotation	32
Standby Time	32
Last Stage Hold	32
Lead Stages	32
Modulating Boiler Operating Settings	33
Gain	33
Lag Delay	33
Soft-Off Delay	33
Staging Boiler Operating Settings	34
Reaction Time	34
Minimum Runtime	34
Day / Night Schedule	35
Set Time	35
Maintenance	35
System & Outdoor Sensor Trim	35
Output Modulation Trim	36
Configuration	36
Display	36
Boiler Status	37
Display Modulating Boiler Status	37
Display Staging Boiler Status	37
Display Messages	37
Boiler Stage Menu	38
Boiler Stage Settings	38
Mode	38
Ignition %	39
Modulation Start %	39
Copy Settings - Boiler A Only	39
Troubleshooting	40
Hybrid Piping Diagram	42
Hybrid Wiring Diagram	43
Modulating Piping Diagram	44
Modulating Wiring Diagram	45
Staging Piping Diagram	46
Staging Wiring Diagram	47
Specifications	48

HYBRID LOGIC OVERVIEW

In response to new advancement in condensing boiler design and size, many applications utilize multiple condensing boilers in addition to the non-condensing boilers. That triggered Raypak's patent design of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid. It is intended to manage the two groups of boilers to maximize system efficiency at the lowest operating cost while maintaining the desired comfort. When Hybrid is selected as the Boiler Type, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will operate each group based on the Target temperature switching set point. See "Boiler Type" on page 17..

Each of the condensing and non-condensing groups of boilers can be either modulating or staging. Modulating boilers can be of 4-20mA modulating signal or 0-10V modulating signal. Staging boilers must be of the 0-10V signal.

Depending on the actual System Temperature, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will determine which group of boilers will be the lead and which group will be the lag group. The Condensing group of boilers will be the Lead group when the System temperature is below the System Target Switching Set Point. However, when the System temperature rises above the Switching Set Point, the Non-Condensing boiler group will be the lead group and the Condensing Group will be the lag group.



Basically, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will allow the condensing group of boilers to operate as long as the System sensor is below the Switching Set Point. See "Switch Set Point" on page 20. During that period, if additional output boilers are needed, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will energize the Non-Condensing boilers to meet the load. See "Heavy Load Sequence 2nd Group" on page 21. When less output is required the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will de-energize the Non-Condensing boilers prior to de-energizing the Condensing boilers.

To eliminate any short-cycling due to rapid changes in the Target Temperature used in the switching, an adjustable Switching Delay has been incorporated. See "Switch Delay" on page 21.

For Hybrid settings, See "Boiler Type" on page 17. See "Hybrid Startup Settings" on page 20.

To set the Condensing and Non-Condensing boiler types See "HYBRID Modulating Boiler Settings" on page 22. Also, See "HYBRID Staging Boiler Settings" on page 22.

MODULATING LOGIC OVERVIEW

The Modulation PID logic provides the capability of controlling multiple modulating current or voltage boilers. When heat is required, the control PID will activate the lead boiler and start its purge. See "Purge Delay" on page 31. This will be followed by the initiation of its modulation at the Ignition %. See "Ignition %" on page 39. After the Purge period and when additional heat is needed, the control shall start to increase the lead boiler modulation until the Modulation Start % has been reached. See "Modulation Start %" on page 39. That shall be followed by the lag boiler purge initiation. The lead boiler shall resume its modulation while the lag boiler is in purge until the lead boiler reaches full fire (100% modulation). Any additional heat requirements will trigger the control to increase the lag boiler modulation.

When the Temp Tracker mod+ Hybrid PID requires reduced output, it will reduce the modulation of the lag boiler until it reaches its Ignition %. That shall be followed by the reduction of modulation of the lead boiler until it reaches 40% percent of the Modulation Start %. This shall trigger the control to turn off the lag boiler. The control will keep reducing the lead boiler modulation until it reaches its Ignition %. If the Last Stage Hold was activated, the control will hold the lead boiler at the Ignition % until the System Temperature exceeds the Target Set Point by the Last Stage hold setting. See "Last Stage Hold" on page 32.

For Modulating boilers, See "Boiler Type" on page 17. Also, See "Modulating Boiler Settings" on page 23.

STAGING LOGIC OVERVIEW

The Staging PID control logic is primarily used with multi-stage boilers. The logic will utilize two primary settings to add or subtract stages. The Reaction Time is used to turn on/energize stages. See "Reaction Time" on page 34. The Minimum Runtime is used to turn off/de-energize stages. See "Minimum Runtime" on page 34. A call for heat, by either closing the *TSTAT* input or opening the *SHUTDOWN* input while the outdoor temperature is below the Outdoor Cutoff, will trigger the Temp Tracker mod+ Hybrid to turn on/energize the lowest firing stage of the Lead Boiler to start its Purge. See "Purge Delay" on page 31. After the elapse of the purge period, the Temp Tracker mod+ Hybrid will start calculating the Reaction Period. If after a full Reaction Time the control logic foresees the need for additional stages, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will energize the following stage. If that stage was another boiler, that boiler has to go through a full Purge Delay before starting to calculate the Reaction Time for that stage. Otherwise, if the next stage was the higher firing stage on the same boiler, the Reaction Time will start from the moment the higher firing stage relay is energized.

When the Temp Tracker mod+ Hybrid PID logic foresees that the system will overshoot, regardless of the current system and target values, it will make sure that the last stage turned on/energized has elapsed a full Minimum Runtime before it is turned off/de-energized. Except for the lead stage, no additional stages will be turned off/de-energized until another full Minimum Runtime is elapsed. On the other hand, if the last stage is a lead stage, it will remain energized until the system reading exceeds the target set point by the Last Stage Hold value in addition to satisfying the Minimum Runtime condition. That is, if the Set Point was 150°F and the Last Stage Hold was set to 10°F, the lead stage will remain energized until the system reaches 160°F and a full Minimum Runtime elapses. This is useful in protecting the lead stages from short cycling.

OUTDOOR RESET CONCEPT

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has multiple operating modes that satisfy most hydronic systems. It changes the System Set Point based on outdoor temperature (Outdoor Reset). The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid varies the temperature of the circulating heating water in response to changes in the outdoor temperature. The heating water temperature is controlled through the modulation or sequencing of the stages.

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid also controls the system circulating pump with an adjustable Outdoor Cutoff. When the outdoor temperature is above the Outdoor Cutoff, the pump is off and no heating water is circulated through the system. When the outdoor temperature drops below the Outdoor Cutoff, the system pump relay is activated and the heating water circulates through the system. The temperature of the heating water is controlled by the Reset Ratio, Water Offset, and changes with Outdoor temperature.

Reset Ratio/Outdoor Reset

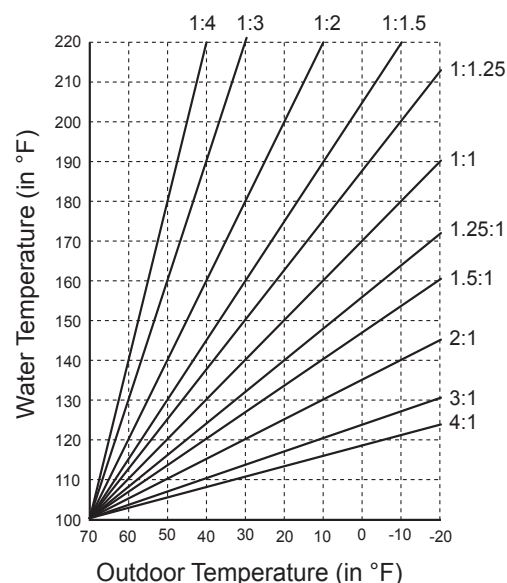
When a building is being heated, heat escapes through the walls, doors, and windows to the colder outside air. The colder the outside temperature, the more heat escapes. If you can input heat into the building at the same rate that it is lost out of the building, then the building temperatures will remain constant. The Reset Ratio is an adjustment that lets you achieve this equilibrium between heat input and heat loss.

The starting point for most systems is the 1.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) (Outdoor Temperature : Heating Water Temperature) ratio. This means that for every degree the outdoor temperature drops, the temperature of the heating water will increase one degree. The starting point of the curves is adjustable, but comes factory selected at 70°F Outdoor Temperature and 100°F Water Temperature. For example with a 1.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) ratio, if the outdoor temperature is 50°F, this means the temperature has fallen 20° from the starting point of 70°F. Therefore, the heating water temperature will increase 20° to 120°F.

Each building has different heat loss characteristics. A very well insulated building will not lose much heat to the outside air, and may need a Reset Ratio of 2.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) (Outdoor:Water). This means the outdoor temperature would have to drop 2 degrees to increase the water temperature 1 degree. On the other hand, a poorly insulated building with insufficient radiation may need a Reset Ratio of 1.00 (OD):2.00 (SYS). This means that for each degree the outdoor temperature dropped the water temperature will increase 2 degrees. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has a full range of Reset Ratios to match any buildings heat loss characteristics.

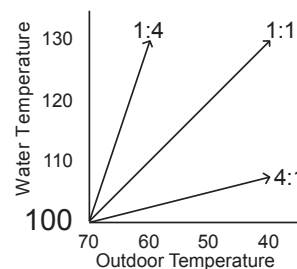
A heating curve that relies not only on Outdoor temperature but also on the type of radiation will improve heat comfort. The following are suggested initial settings for different types of radiation based on average building insulation and heat loss. The contractor can fine tune these adjustments based on the specific building need.

Type of Radiation in Building	Reset Ratio	Offset
Radiators (Steel & Cast Iron)	1.00 (OD) : 1.00 (SYS)	0°F
Baseboard (Finned copper tube& Cast Iron)	1.00 (OD) : 1.00 (SYS)	0°F
Radiant (High Mass/Concrete)	4.00 (OD) : 1.00 (SYS)	-10°F
Radiant (Low Mass/Joists)	2.00 (OD) : 1.00 (SYS)	-10°F
Fan Coils & Air Handlers	1.00 (OD) : 1.00 (SYS)	20°F

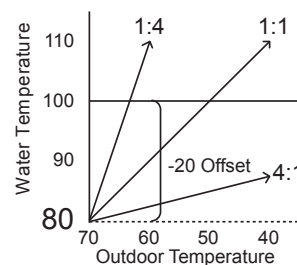


Reset Ratio Curves

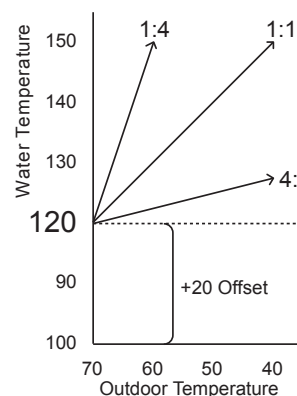
With a 0° Offset, the Reset curves begin at 100° Water Temperature.



With a -20° Offset, the Reset curves begin at 80° Water Temperature.



With a +20° Offset, the Reset curves begin at 120° Water Temperature.



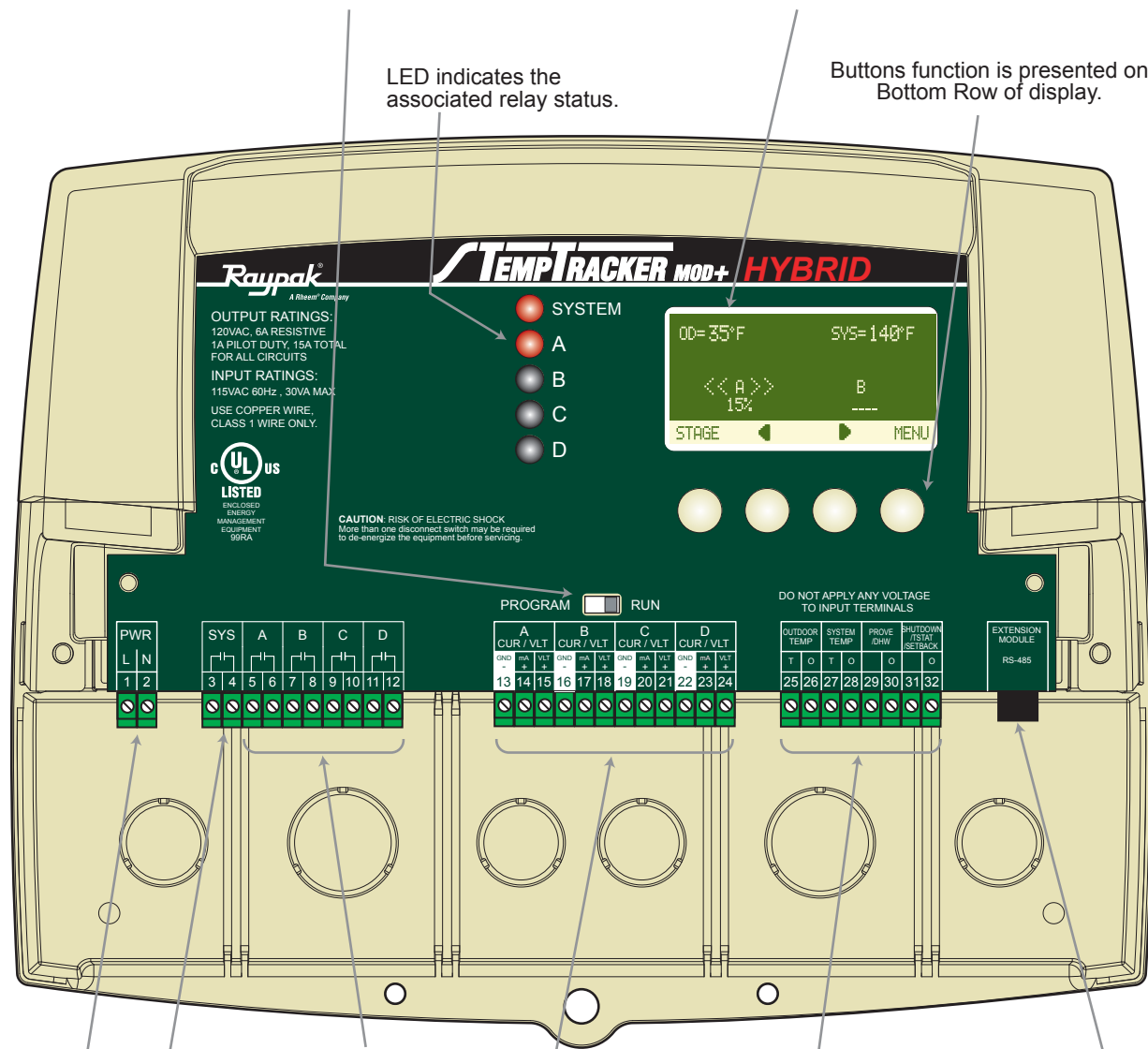
TEMPTRACKER MOD+ HYBRID LAYOUT

Program Switch to restrict access to function changes. This switch is covered with Wiring Enclosure.

The digital display shows the system status, set point, lead stage <in brackets>, and status of each stage. To view and adjust settings, press the appropriate buttons.

LED indicates the associated relay status.

Buttons function is presented on Bottom Row of display.



120VAC Power

Four N.O. Boiler startup relay outputs. Each is wired in series with each boiler's limit circuit.

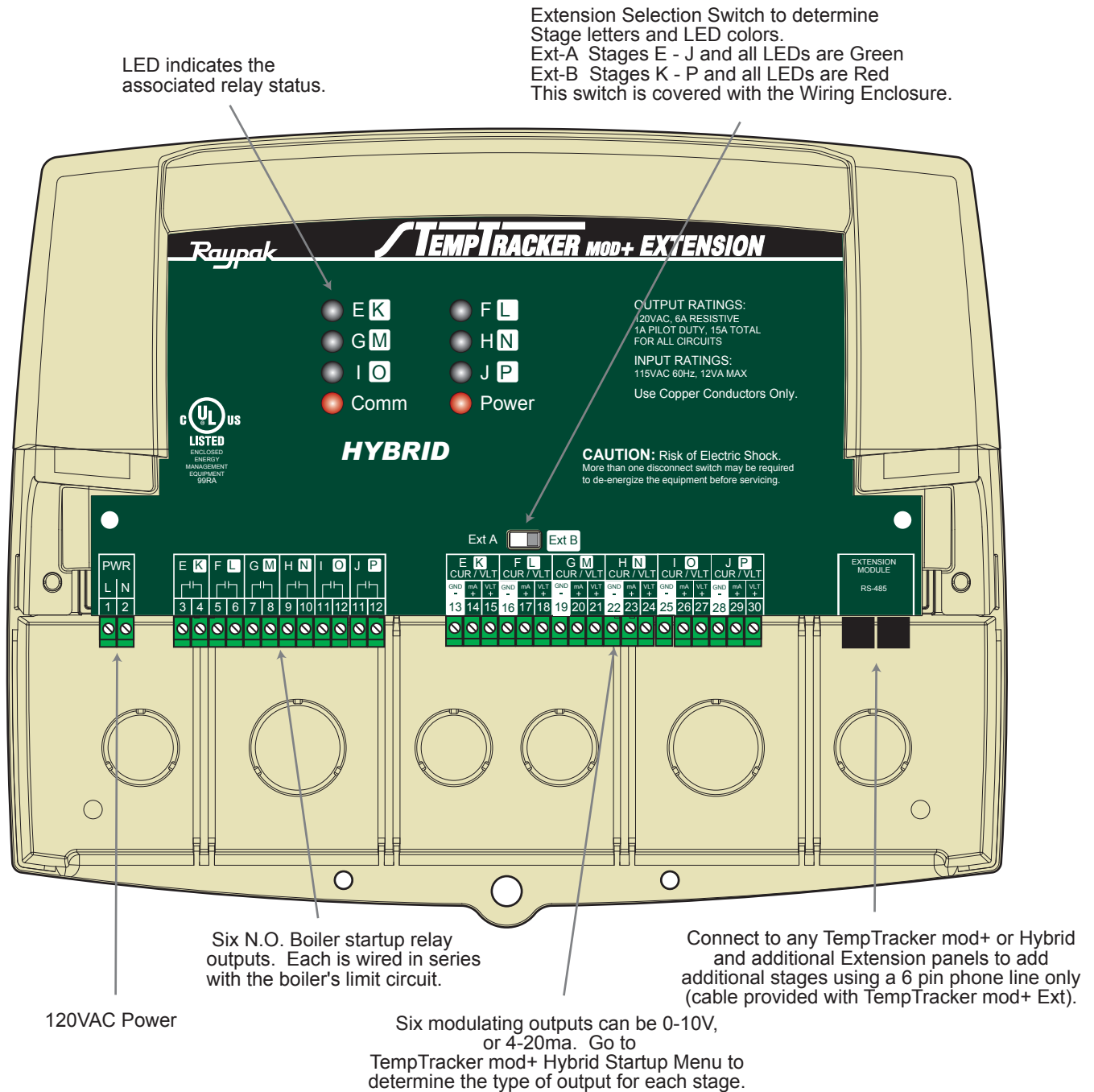
When connecting the control Outdoor Air Sensor (#013398F) and System Sensor (#012187F), no Polarity is observed. Prove terminals must be connected for TempTracker mod+ Hybrid to operate boilers.

System Output controls pumps, valves, or other system components.

Four modulation/staging outputs can be 4-20mA or 0-10V. Go to Startup Menu to determine the type of output for each stage.

Connect Extension panels to add additional stages using a 6 pin phone line only (cable provided with TempTracker mod+ Extension).

TEMPTRACKER MOD+ EXTENSION LAYOUT



Complete TempTracker mod+ Extension Part Number

013179F

FEATURES

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has been designed with Hydronic building heating, using both condensing and non-condensing boilers, as the primary purpose. As well, it is capable of controlling modulating or staging boilers. With this in mind, many of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid features can be utilized to ease, enhance, and improve your system performance.

Condensing and Non-Condensing Boilers Can be Modulating or Multi-Stage.

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can operate both modulating and staging boilers. Just specify each of the Condensing and Non-Condensing boiler group type and the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will activate the groups based on an adjustable set of criteria.

PID Type Logic

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid's control algorithms allow it to look at the rate of change in the system. If the system temperature is changing quickly, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will react quickly to adjust the modulating stages' output. If the system temperature changes slowly, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will make slow and gradual output adjustments. Therefore, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid adapts to specific system requirements and minimizes fluctuations around the set point.

Controls 0-10 V or 4-20 mA modulating Burners

Whenever any of the Condensing or Non-Condensing group type is set to Modulating, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will accurately control the output from 0 to 100% of modulation for each of these different types of motors. Moreover, a single TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can control multiple modulating burners each with a different modulating signal.

Controls On/Off, 2-Stage, 3-Stage, or 4-Stage Burners

Whenever one of the Condensing or Non-Condensing group Type is set to Staging, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will accurately sequence the stages using a PID logic. The sequencing group will have a set of adjustable parameters to help achieve better operation.

Digital Display of all System Settings

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid's alphanumeric digital display names each system parameter in simple English and shows its precise value. The easy to follow menu system allows users to quickly make changes to any system setting without having to learn any specialized codes or keyboard commands.

Automatic Rotation among Stages

Rotating the lead stage of each group promotes even wear. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has three modes of rotation: Manual, Last On, or Time. The Time rotates the lead stage every selected time period from every hour to every 60 days.

Outdoor Reset

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has a hydronic outdoor temperature reset function. This allows the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid to change the set point based on outdoor temperature. Furthermore, additional settings have been added to fine tune this operation, like Offset, Minimum, and Maximum Water Temperature and night setback schedule.

System Output

This output can be used to activate a system pump, combustion air damper, or perform any other function that is required when any stage is active. It will energize whenever the outdoor temperature is below the Outdoor Cutoff setting. A System Prove input checks the status of components activated by the System output before stages can be activated.

Normal or Parallel Modulation

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can stage modulating boilers as needed. In Normal Modulation, it will allow the modulation to increase on the lead boiler until it reaches its modulation start point adjustment. Then, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will start the next boiler and so on. Moreover, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid allows for a parallel mode that can modulate several boilers together as a one large boiler. This mode is useful when used with condensing boilers as they run more efficient at lower modulation. Thus, it is better to run several boilers at lower modulation than to run a single boiler at full fire.

Add up to 16 Boiler Stages (Optional)

As a stand-alone, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid is designed to control four stages. However, it has the capability of expanding its control to two extension panels each with six boiler stages. Thus, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can control a total of up to 16 boiler stages.

Setback or Day/Night Scheduling

Two Setback modes are available for the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid:

- The Day/Night Scheduling provides an adjustable time-based schedule for the Setback (only available when Shutdown or Tstat is selected as the Setback/Shutdown Startup option). See "Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode" on page 25.
- The Setback mode uses an external signal to switch the operation of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid in and out of setback mode (only available when Setback is selected as the Setback/Shutdown Startup option).

MAKE SURE YOU HAVE THE RIGHT CONTROL

If you need the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid to do additional tasks that either are not listed or do not know how to configure them, contact your local Raypak representative.

Setting an Initial Program will ease the configuration of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid and will give the opportunity to utilize many of the energy saving features while giving comfortable heat when needed.

The program should consist of the following:

- Selecting the features that your system can utilize.
- Installation: Install the Control, switches and sensors. See "Installation" on page 10
- Setting the System Startup. See "Startup Settings" on page 17.
- Setting the System Operating Settings. See "Operating Settings" on page 29
- Setting the Stages. See "Modulating Boiler Operating Settings" on page 33. Also, see "Staging Boiler Operating Settings" on page 34
- Adjusting Reset Ratio and Water Offset (In Reset Mode Only). See "Reset Ratio" on page 29

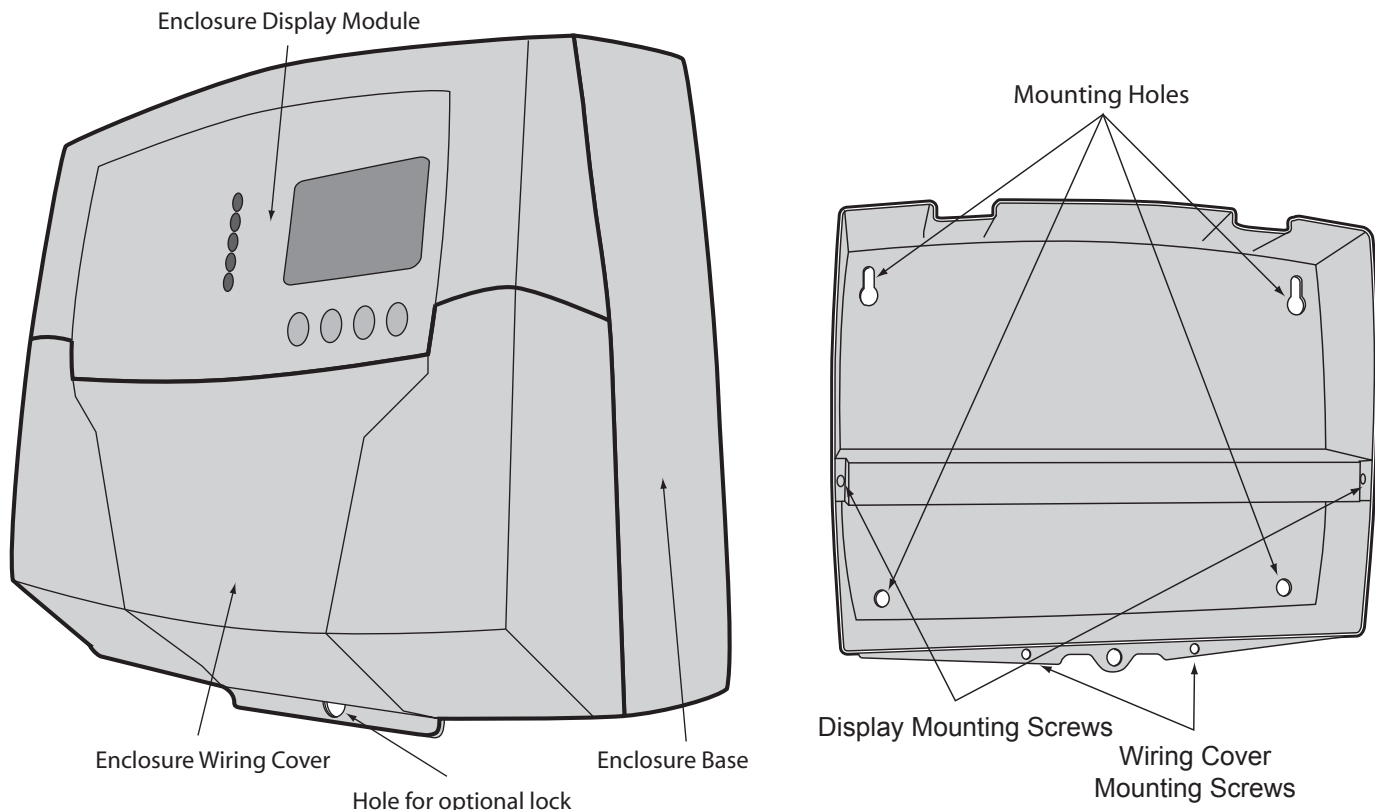
INSTALLATION

Each of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid or Extension consists of three primary enclosure components.

- **The Enclosure Display Module:** contains the control electronic board, display, buttons, LEDs and electric wiring terminals. It has two screws to hold it to the base. A program configuration switch, used to adjust the control settings, is placed above the terminals. This switch is enclosed with the enclosure wiring cover for security. Wiring terminals are of the plug-in type to ease installation and removal.
- **The Enclosure Base:** contains the holes to mount and hold the control against the wall or any flat surface. All other enclosure components mount on the base. The bottom section of the Enclosure Base contains the wiring chamber with knockouts on the bottom to ease installation.
- **The Enclosure Wiring Cover:** seals the wires from the external environment. It has two screws to hold it to the base and a hole to secure a lock on the wiring enclosure. A plastic web that separates the wiring chamber into high and low volt sections has been provided.

MOUNTING THE ENCLOSURE

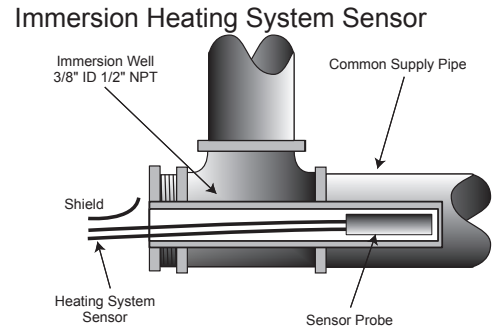
- Select a location near the equipment to be controlled.
- The surface should be flat and sufficiently wide and strong to hold the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid or the Extension.
- Keep the control away from extreme heat, cold, or humidity. Ambient operating temperature is from 20 to 120°F.
- Remove the Enclosure Wiring Cover from the control enclosure by removing the two bottom screws.
- Remove the Enclosure Display Module by removing the enclosure middle screws.
- Screw the Enclosure Base to the surface through the upper and lower mounting holes on the back of the enclosure.
- Replace the Enclosure Display Module and replace the enclosure middle screws.
- Do not replace the enclosure wiring cover until all wiring is done.
- When purchasing a padlock for the enclosure, the maximum shank diameter should not exceed 1/4"



INSTALL THE SENSORS

System Sensor Installation

- Only use the System sensor (#012187F) provided with the unit.
- The sensor wires can be extended up to 500' using a shielded 2-conductor cable (Belden #8760 or equivalent). Do not ground the shield at the sensor but at the panel using one of the terminals marked with an "O".
- Do not run sensor wires in conduit with line voltage wiring.
- Install a 3/8" ID 1/2" NPT immersion well.
- If installing the system sensor on the supply, insert the sensor in a well with heat paste approximately 5' feet past the boiler loop outlet on the common supply header but before any major takeoffs. The sensor must be located where it sees the output of all the boiler stages. If a boiler is piped so that the sensor does not see its output, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will not sequence the boilers correctly.
- The sensor can also be installed on the return to the boilers after all major returns and before any boiler. However, when setting the reset ratio and the offset, the user must consider the temperature drop across the building loop.



NOTE

If the HSS can not sense the correct water temperature, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will not provide comfortable heat levels.

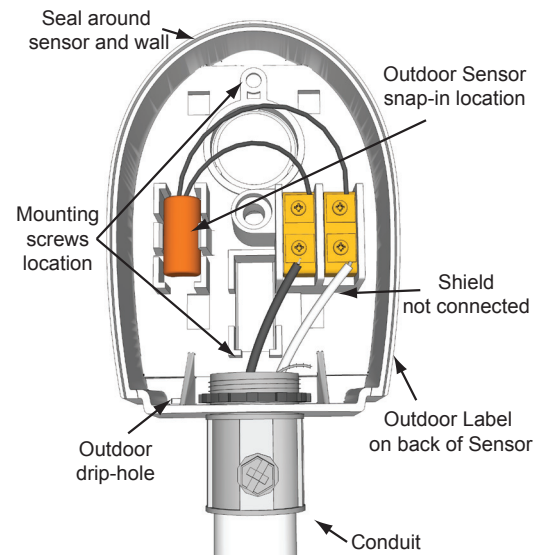
WARNING

Use only the System and Outdoor Air sensors included with the control. Do not use boiler sensors as it will cause operational problems.

Outdoor Sensor Installation

- Only use the Raypak Outdoor Air Sensor group included with the unit (#013398F).
- Locate the sensor in the shade on the north side of the building. The sensor should never be in direct sunlight.
- Be sure the location is away from doors, windows, exhaust fans, vents, or other possible heat sources.
- The sensor should be mounted approximately 10' feet above ground level.
- Adhere the Outdoor Label provided to the back of the sensor base.
- Use the Enclosure Base bottom knockout for the conduit. Use the locknut to hold the conduit and enclosure base together. Screw the cover to the base.
- If screws are used to affix the enclosure to the wall, make sure to seal around the sensor and wall except from the bottom.
- The sensor wires can be extended up to 500' using shielded 2-conductor cable (#18/2). Do not ground the shield at the sensor but at the control using the terminal marked with an "O".
- Do not run sensor wires in conduit with line voltage wiring.

Outdoor Sensor



NOTE

Determining the proper location of the Outdoor Sensor is very important. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will base the heat on the outdoor temperature information it receives from this location. If the sensor is in the sun, or covered with ice, its reading will be different from the actual Outdoor temperature (OD).

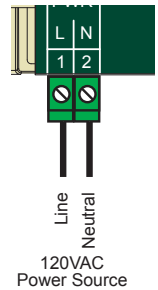
WIRING

- All wiring must enter the enclosure through the bottom knockouts.
- Class 1 voltage wiring must utilize a different knockout and conduit from any Class 2 voltage wiring.

Wiring the Power

(Terminals 1, 2)

- Bring the 120VAC 60Hz power wires through the bottom left knockout of the enclosure.
- Connect the hot line to terminal marked L.
- Connect the neutral line to the terminal marked N.
- Raypak recommends installing a surge suppressor on the power source to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid.



⚠ WARNING

Class 1 voltages must enter the enclosure through a different opening from any Class 2 voltage wiring. Raypak recommends installing a surge suppressor on the power source to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid.

Wiring the Sensors

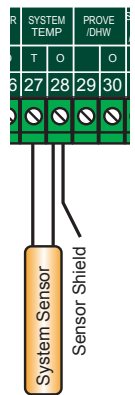
⚠ WARNING

Connect the shield at the control terminal end and cut the shield wire at the sensor end. To avoid operational problems, use only the System and Outdoor Air sensors included with the control.

System Sensor Wiring

(Terminals 27, 28)

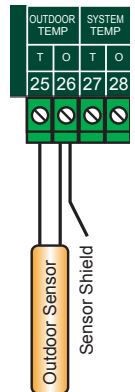
- A TempTracker mod+ Hybrid must be connected to a System temperature sensor (#012187F) located in the common header. The sensor must be inserted in a 3/8 ID well using heat paste.
- Temperature sensor wires can be extended up to 500' by splicing its wires with a shielded 2-conductor cable (Belden #8760 or equivalent (#18/2)).
- Temperature sensors have no polarity. Connect the two wires from the sensor to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid terminals marked *SYSTEM TEMP* 27, 28.
- Connect the sensor shield to the circled terminal 28 with one of the sensor wires.



Outdoor Sensor Wiring

(Terminals 25, 26)

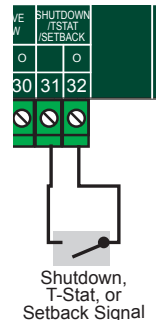
- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will vary the system Set Point based on outdoor temperature. In addition, the Outdoor Air Sensor group (#013398F) is used as an Outdoor Cutoff. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will disable all boilers when the outdoor temperature is above the adjustable Outdoor Cutoff temperature.
- For an outdoor sensor use the outdoor sensor provided.
- The sensor wires can be extended up to 500' using shielded 2-conductor cable (Belden #8760 or equivalent (#18/2)).
- Temperature sensors have no polarity. Connect the wires from the outdoor sensor to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid terminals marked *OUTDOOR TEMP* - 25, 26.
- Connect the shield to the circled terminal 26 with one of the sensor wires.



Wiring the Shutdown, Tstat, or Setback

(Terminals 31, 32)

- The Shutdown will be available when selected as the Shutdown/Tstat/Setback mode from the Startup menu. See "Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode" on page 25. This will provide the user with an adjustable Day/Night Schedule. See "Day/Night Schedules" on page 35.
- The Shutdown feature can be used whenever it is desirable to turn off the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid stage outputs from a remote location or another controller (i.e. EMS input).
- The Tstat option, when selected from the Shutdown/Tstat/Setback startup menu, offer the capability of controlling the operation of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid based on a thermostat input. This will provide the user with a adjustable Day/Night Schedule.
- The thermostat will send the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid a call for heat by shorting terminals 31 and 32.
- When the Shutdown input is enabled by closing the dry contact, or when the Tstat input is disabled by opening the dry-contact, all active modulating boilers will immediately modulate down to low for the Soft-Off period, then turn off. All staging boilers will turn off immediately.

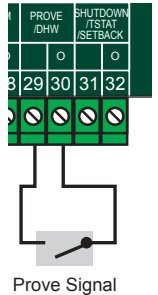


- The System Output relay will remain active until the System Run-On Delay expires and then it will turn off.
- When Setback is selected in the Startup, a BMS/EMS or external clock can provide a Setback signal using these input terminals. See "Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode" on page 25. No Day/Night Schedule will be available when Setback is selected from the Shutdown/Tstat/Setback mode in the Startup menu.
- Bring the two wires from the dry contact to the terminals marked *SHUTDOWN/TSTAT/SETBACK*- 31,32.
- The signal must be a dry contact only. No voltage can be placed across the *SHUTDOWN/TSTAT/SETBACK* terminals.

Wiring the Prove

(Terminals 29, 30)

- The Prove feature is provided to check system component operation and must be selected in the Startup Menu from the Prove/DHW Sharing menu. See "Prove/Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Priority" on page 24.
- A typical use of this feature is to check for pump flow or combustion air damper status before firing any boiler.
- If the PROVE input is open on a call for heat, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will enable only the System Output. All boiler outputs will be off when the *PROVE* input is open.
- A factory-installed jumper provides the System Prove signal. Do not remove the jumper unless it will be replaced by a System Prove signal or these terminals are to be used for DHW call input.
- Bring the two wires from the dry contact to the terminals marked *PROVE* - 29, 30.
- Prove Input terminals can accept a dry-contact signal only. No voltage can be placed across these terminals.



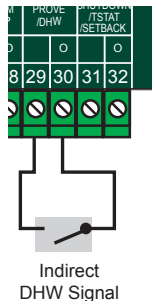
WARNING

The PROVE input cannot be used as a safety limit. All equipment must have its own certified limit and safety controls as required by local codes. If Prove is selected in the startup menu, no boiler stage will start unless Prove terminals are shorted. DO NOT remove the PROVE jumper supplied unless replacing it with a Prove signal.

Wiring the Indirect Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Call

(Terminals 29, 30)

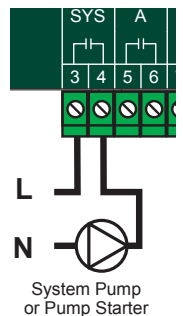
- DHW can be used to raise system Set Point to the DHW Set Point as well as manage the System Pump according to the DHW Priority setting. One of the DHW options must be selected from the Prove/DHW Sharing Startup menu. See "Prove/Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Priority" on page 24.
- Wire an aquastat or a control to provide dry-contact closure on the *DHW Call* - 29, 30 terminals.
- Remove the jumper on the *DHW* terminals for proper operation.
- DHW Call terminals can accept dry contact signals only. No voltage can be placed across these terminals.



Wiring the System Output

(Terminals 3, 4)

- The SYS output relay will energize and remain constantly energized whenever the outdoor temperature is below the Outdoor Cutoff.
- When the outdoor temperature rises 2°F above the Outdoor Cutoff, the SYS output will remain energized for the period set by the System Run-On then de-energize. See "System Run-On" on page 31.
- In addition, the System output will energize during summer DHW calls when DHW No Priority is selected. See "Prove/Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Priority" on page 24.
- The SYS output has one Normally Open (N.O.) relay contact rated for (1/8HP).
- The N.O. contacts are dry contacts only. They do not source any voltage.
- Class 1 voltages must enter the enclosure through a different opening from any Class 2 voltage wiring.



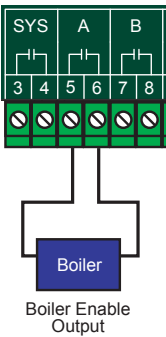
Wiring the Boilers

- When wiring Condensing and Non-Condensing boilers make sure that Condensing boilers utilize the first stages and Non-Condensing boilers will utilize the following stages. That is, if the installation had two Condensing Modulating boilers and two Non-Condensing Staging On/Off boilers, Stage A and B will be used by the Condensing boilers while C and D will be used by the Non-Condensing boilers.

Wiring Boiler Activation or On/Off Staging Boilers

(A Terminals 5, 6), (B Terminals 7, 8), ...

- Each boiler output has a Normally Open (N.O.) dry-contact relay. They do not source any power.
- Wire the N.O. relay contacts in series with the unit's limit circuit.
- When connecting to On/Off boilers, each stage relay output will be connected to a single boiler.
- Class 1 voltages must enter the enclosure through a different opening from any Class 2 voltage wiring.
- Note that some modulating boilers may not require the use of these outputs.



Wiring Multi-Stage Boilers

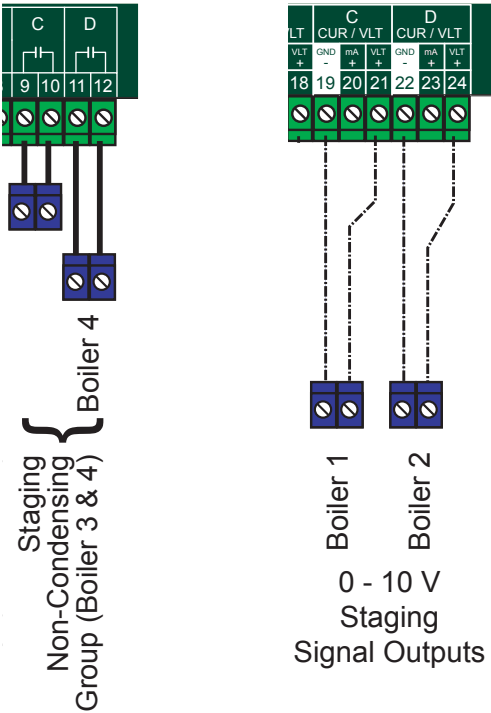
(For Staging Boiler Types Only) See Page 17

- Each multi-stage boiler must use only one of the N.O. relays and the voltage output for that stage. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will sequence the boiler stages using the 0-10V output signal.
- Note that on the display of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid each staging boiler will consist of a single letter.
- Each stage output has one Normally Open (N.O.) relay contact that does not source any power.
- Class 1 voltages must enter the enclosure through a different opening from any Class 2 voltage wiring.



Multi-Stage Boiler

Each boiler "A" or "B" has multiple stages



Wiring to Modulating Boilers

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can modulate any combination of current or voltage boiler signals. The Modulating Output Type must be set to match the boiler modulating signal before connecting any output wires to avoid damaging components. See "Modulating Output Type" on page 23. Some modulating boilers may require the use of the stage output relay in addition to the modulating output.

⚠ WARNING

The Modulating Output Type must be set to match the boiler modulating signal prior to wiring the boiler signal to avoid control or equipment damage.

Wiring the 4-20mA Modulating Boilers

(A Terminals 13, 14), (B Terminals 16, 17),...

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can operate up to four 4-20 mA modulating motors.
- The Extension can operate up to six 4-20 mA modulating motors.
- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid and the Extension sources excitation voltage for the 4-20mA signal.
- Wire the (-) from the boiler modulating motor to the (GND) terminal on the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid. That is for boiler A, the modulating (GND) terminal will be 13.
- Wire the (+) from the boiler modulating motor to the (mA+) terminal on the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid. That is for boiler A, the modulating (mA+) terminal will be 14.

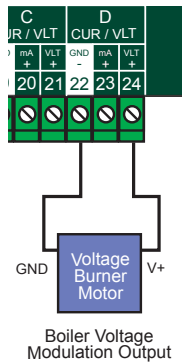
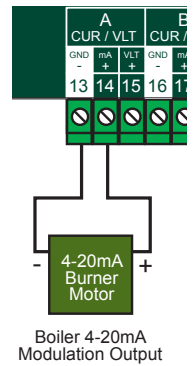


Modulating Boiler (Modulating Boiler Type)

Wiring the Voltage Modulating or Staging Boilers

(A Terminals 13, 15), (B Terminals 16, 18),...

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can operate up to four 0-10V modulating motors.
- The Extension can operate up to six 0-10V modulating motors.
- Wire the (GND) from the boiler modulating motor to the (GND) terminal on the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid. That is for boiler D, the modulating (GND) terminal will be 22.
- Wire the (VLT+) from the boiler modulating motor to the (VLT+) terminal on the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid. That is for boiler D, the modulating (VLT+) terminal will be 23.



Connecting to the Extension Panels and 4-20mA EMS Interface

Ext A

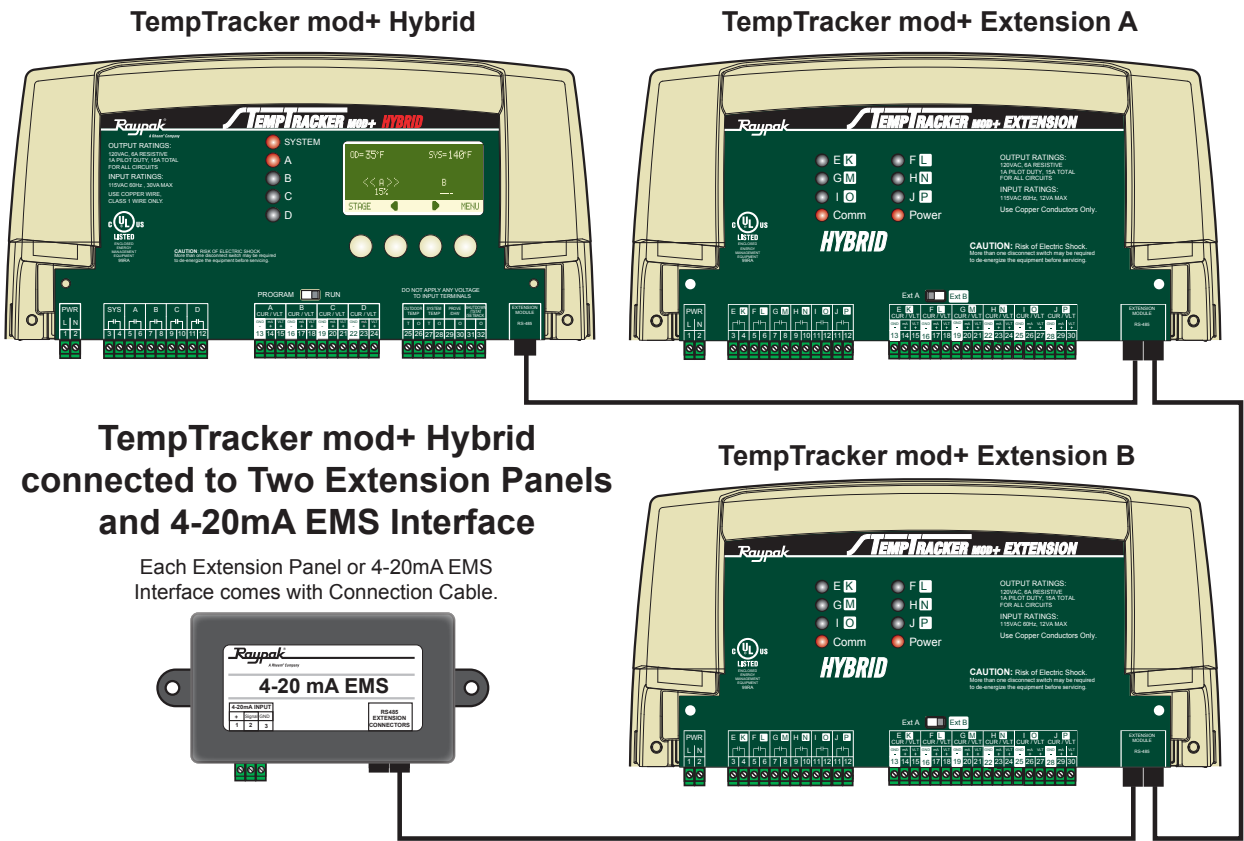
Ext B

⚠

NOTE

To set the Extension to a specific letter, remove the wiring cover and switch the Ext A/Ext B to the desired letter. DO NOT set both extensions to the same letter to avoid errors.

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid is equipped with a 6-pin phone socket (RS485) to connect to extension panels (#013179F) and 4-20mA EMS Interfaces (#012019). The Extension is equipped with two 6-pin phone sockets to connect to TempTracker mod+ Hybrid and an additional Extension.
- The order in which the control, the extensions, and the interface are wired is not observed.
- Set each Extension to a different letter (EXT-A or EXT-B). The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will assign the stage letters based on the extension letter selected.
- Extension A will operate stages (E - J) and all the LEDs will be Green. However, Extension B will operate stages (K - P) and all the LEDs will be Red.
- Configure the Modulating and Sequencing Output Types after connecting the Extension panels to be able to configure their outputs. See "Boiler Type" on page 17
- Only the 6-wire phone cable supplied with the extension must be used for proper operation.
- Phone cables must be of a 6-wire with 6-pin terminals. Phone cables can extend up to 100'.



STARTUP SETTINGS

Program Change Switch Setting

To be able to change the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid settings the Program/Run Switch must be set to Program. The switch is located under the Enclosure Wiring Cover for security.



Startup Sequence

Button: MENU/<System Startup>

- When powered, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid performs a self diagnostics-test.
- On the first power up, the System Startup screen will appear after the initialization is complete. If it doesn't, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has already been configured.
- The System Startup menu sets the main parameters that relate to the heating application. These settings must be set by the installer.



Boiler Type

Modulation, Staging, Hybrid

Default: Modulation

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Boiler Type

- The same Raypak control can operate modulating boilers, staging boilers, or a combination of both types.
- The Modulation option will operate a variety of modulating boilers.
- The Staging option will operate a variety of On/Off or multi-stage boilers.
- The Hybrid option will sequence two groups of boilers, condensing and non-condensing. Each group could be of a different boiler type (Modulation or Staging). See "Hybrid Startup Settings" on page 20. Each Multi-Stage boiler will use a single output relay. The staging will take place using the voltage output signal.



Sensor Type

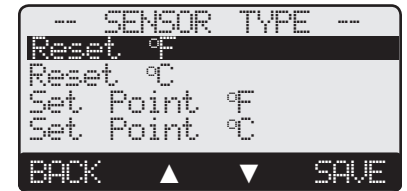
Reset °F, Reset °C, Set Point °F, Set Point °C, 4-20ma EMS

Default: Reset °F

(Set Point Options Not Available with Hybrid Boiler Type)

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Sensor Type

- If Reset °F is selected, all temperatures and settings will be displayed in degrees Fahrenheit and the control will use Reset Ratios to adjust the system set point.
- If Reset °C is selected, all temperatures and settings will be displayed in degrees Celsius and the control will use Reset Ratios to adjust the system set point.
- If Set Point °F is selected, all temperatures and settings will be displayed in degrees Fahrenheit and the control will have an adjustable system set point.
- If Set Point °C is selected, all temperatures and settings will be displayed in degrees Celsius and the control will have an adjustable system set point.
- The 4-20ma EMS option is only available to the Hybrid Boiler Type option. To use 4-20ma EMS with Staging and Modulating Boiler Types, select one of the Set Point options and the EMS Input Mode menu will follow to offer the 4-20mA EMS option.
- The use of the 4-20mA EMS option requires the purchase of the 4-20mA EMS Interface (#012019). It gives the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid the capability of accepting a remote 4-20mA signal from a BMS or EMS system as the target set point.



EMS Input Mode

Disable, Enable

Default: Disable

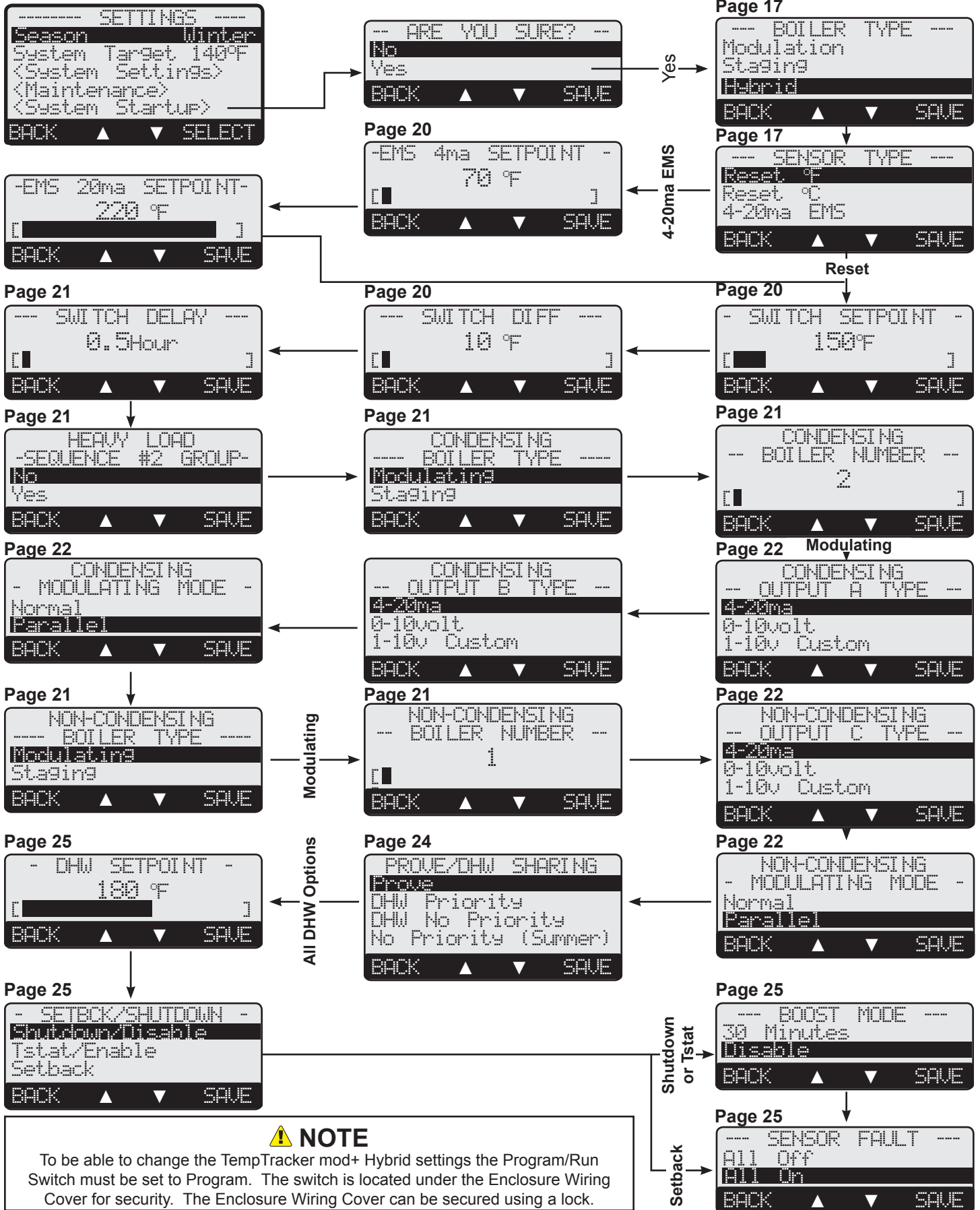
(Available after Set Point with Staging or Modulation Boiler Types)

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Boiler Type/Sensor Type / EMS Input Mode

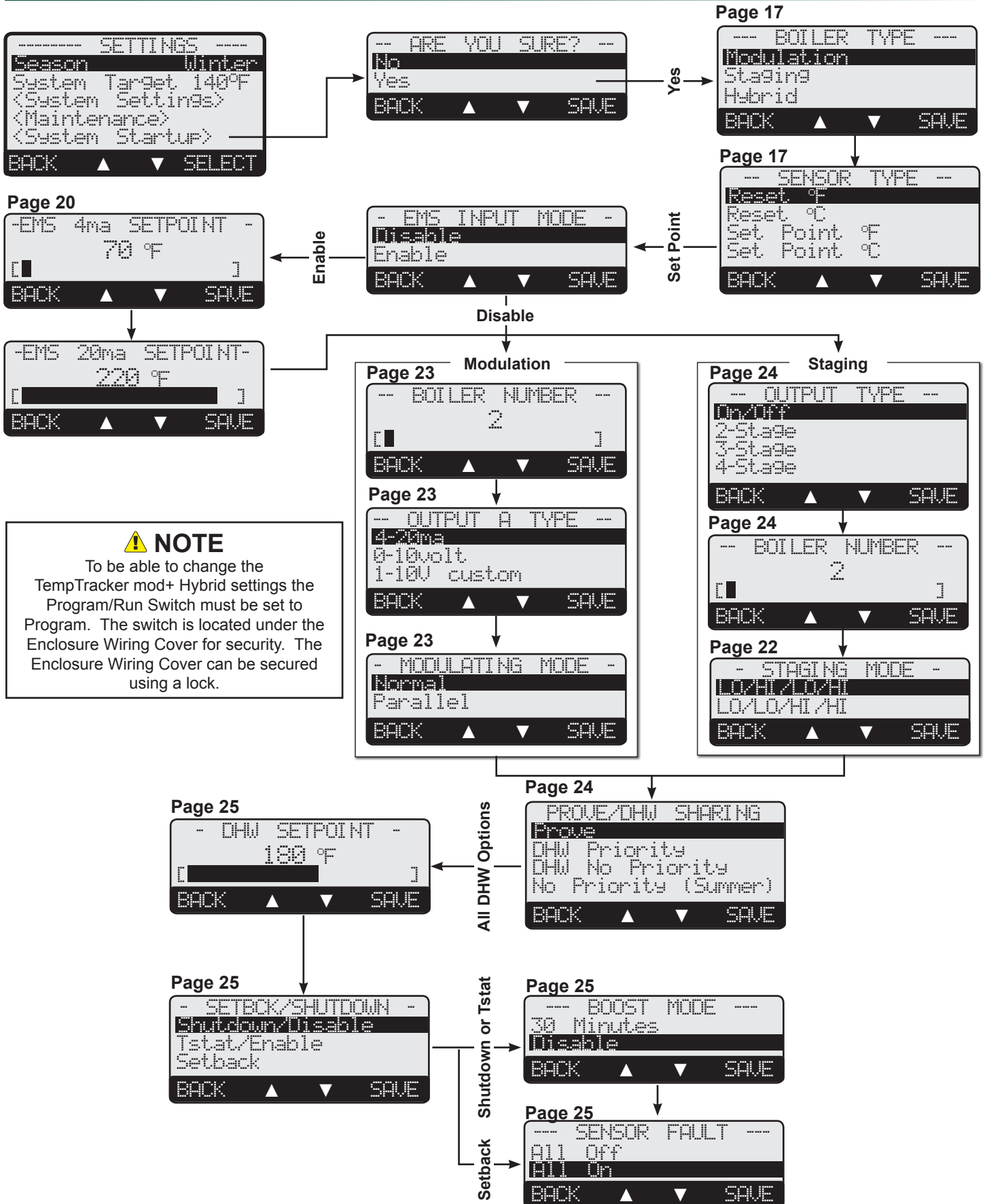
- It allows the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid to utilize the 4-20mA EMS Interface (#012019) to accept a remote 4-20mA signal from a BMS or EMS system as the target set point.



HYBRID STARTUP MENU



MODULATING AND STAGING STARTUP MENU



EMS 4mA and 20mA Set Points

4mA: can be set from 50°F/ 10°C to 200°F/93°C

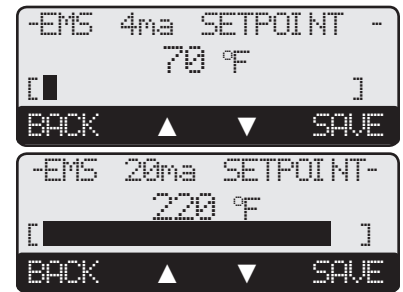
Default: 70°F/ 21°C

20mA: can be set from 70°F/ 21°C to 220°F/104°C

Default: 220°F/ 104°C

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Sensor Type / EMS Input Mode/EMS 4mA Set Point

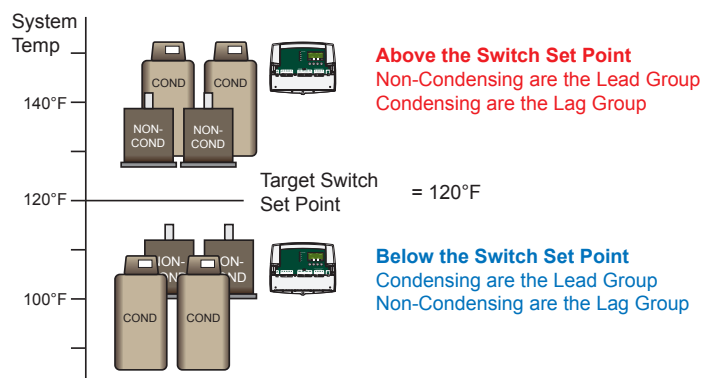
- With the use of the 4-20mA EMS Interface (#012019), the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will be able to receive a 4-20mA signal as a set point from a BMS or an EMS system as the target set point.
- The 4mA and 20mA Set Point menus will follow the selection of the 4-20ma EMS sensor type option or EMS input Mode.
- There must be at least a 20°F differential between the 4mA and 20mA temperature settings.
- Connect the 4-20mA EMS Control Interface to the TempTracker mod+ RS485 connection.
- Any signal below 2.4mA or above 21.6mA will start an EMS shutdown. The display will indicate that by displaying the message "Shutdown by EMS".



HYBRID STARTUP SETTINGS

See "Hybrid Logic Overview" on page 3.

SWITCH MODE = Target Temperature



Switch Set Point

From 0°F/ -18°C to 200°F/ 94°C

Default: 150°F/ 66°C

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Sensor Type/Switch Setpoint

- It is the set point at which the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will switch between the Condensing Boiler Group and Non-Condensing Boiler Group.
- The Condensing Boiler group will be the lead group when the Target Temperature is below the Target Switch Set Point. However, the Non-Condensing Group will be the lead group when the Target Temperature is above the Target Switch Set Point.



Switch Differential

Adjustable from 5°F / 3°C to 20°F / 11°C

Default: 10°F / 6°C

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Switch Setpoint/Switch Diff

- The Switch Differential controls the group switching. It allows the Calculated Target to drop a specified number of degrees below the Switch Set Point before changing the lead group over.
- The default value is a good start to avoid oscillation between Condensing and Non-Condensing Boiler groups, particularly if no Switch Delay was set. See next setting.



Switch Delay

Adjustable from 0.0 to 12.0 Hours

Default: 0.5 hours

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Switch Setpoint/Switch Diff/Switch Delay

- The Switch Delay is an additional layer of assurance used to reduce the intermittent change of the lead group.
- To switch the lead group when the temperature is dropping, the sensor temperature must remain below the Switch Set Point less the Switch Differential for the complete Switch Delay period before the switching of the lead group.
- I.e., if the Switch Set Point was set to 135°F, and the Switch Differential was set to 5°F, then the Target Temperature must drop below 130°F for the complete Switch Delay for the lead group to change from Condensing to Non-Condensing.
- To switch the lead group when the temperature is rising, the Target Temperature must rise above the Switch Set Point for the complete Switch Delay before the switching of the lead group could take effect.



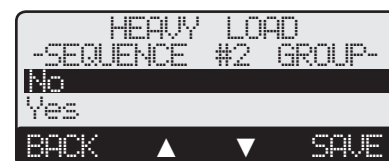
Heavy Load Sequence 2nd Group

Yes, No

Default: No

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Switch Delay/Heavy Load Seq#2 Group

- This option makes the second group of boilers act as a backup in heavy load conditions. Thus, allowing them to start after all lead group boilers have run at their maximum capacity.
- If the system was designed to operate both groups of boilers in heavy load conditions, then select Yes.
- Selecting No will only allow the lead group to operate. The secondary group will remain off even if the system cannot reach the desired set point.



Condensing and Non-Condensing Boiler Type

Modulating, Staging

Default: Modulating

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Heavy Load Seq#2 Group/Condensing Boiler Type

- Select the appropriate boiler type from the list. Each of the types will be followed by a related additional configuration settings to adjust.



Condensing and Non-Condensing Boiler Number

Adjustable from 1 to 15

Default: 1

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Condensing Boiler Type/ Condensing Boiler Number

- Select the number of condensing boilers. These boilers will occupy the first letters of the wiring stages on the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid starting with Stage-A.
- Then, select the number of non-condensing boilers later in the Startup menu. See "HYBRID Startup Menu" on page 18.
- Note that, each Multi-Stage boiler requires the use of single output stage relay.



HYBRID MODULATING BOILER SETTINGS

Modulating Output Type

4-20mA, 0-10V, 1-10V (Custom) Outputs

Default: 4-20mA

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Condensing Boiler Number/Output A Type

- If either of the Condensing or Non-Condensing Boiler groups was set to Modulating as the Boiler Type, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will offer the capability of controlling a variety of modulating signals. Each boiler can be configured to have a different modulating signal.
- The modulating output for each boiler can be configured to 4-20mA operation (Current) or any of the 0-10V voltage options. Check the boiler to determine its signal requirements.
- There are two 0-10V modulating options; a 0-10V and a 1-10V custom. The 0-10V starts the boiler at 50% then modulate up or down based on the need. The minimum modulation for any of these boilers will be the Ignition %. See "Ignition %" on page 39.
- The 1-10V Custom option gives the user the capability of adjusting the voltage level at which the boiler starts using the Ignition %. It shall be used on any Raypak 0-10V modulating boiler. The Ignition % will be the level at which the control will output 1VDC.
- When using the Extension, connect it to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid prior to configuring the Output Type. Otherwise, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid might not recognize the Extension stages.



WARNING

Make sure that boiler modulation wiring matches the signal selected. Warranty will not cover failed components caused by improper wiring. See "Wiring the Boilers" on page 14.



Modulating Mode

Normal, Parallel

Default: Normal

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Output A Type/Condensing Modulating Mode

- Some modulating boilers perform better at higher modulation. For these units, it is advantageous to run one unit at high modulation than several units at lower modulation. If the units used are of this type, select Normal. This is the recommended setting for boilers with low turndown ratios.
- Most condensing boilers that run more efficiently at lower modulation. If it is more energy efficient to run several units at lower modulation than one at high, select Parallel. This is typically used on condensing boilers or boilers with high turndown ratios.
- For best Parallel performance, set the Modulation Start % to be equivalent to the lowest firing rate of the boiler multiplied by 2. That is, if the lowest firing of the boiler was 20%, set your Modulation Start% to 40%. See "Modulation Start %" on page 39.
- Set the Lag Delay to 0 for better parallel performance. See "Lag Delay" on page 33.

HYBRID STAGING BOILER SETTINGS

Staging Output Type

On/Off, 2-Stage, 3-Stage, 4-Stage Outputs

Default: On/Off

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Non-Condensing Output Type

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can sequence multi-stage boiler starting with a single On/Off and up to a 4-stages. Just select the number of stages per boiler from this menu option.
- For each Hybrid multi-stage boiler a single output relay will be used in addition to the 0-10V output signal.
- The number selected applies to all sequencing boilers within that group whether it is Condensing or Non-Condensing.



WARNING

A single Hybrid Multi-Stage boiler will use ONLY one output relay for activation and the 0-10V output signal for staging.

Staging Mode

Lo/Hi/Lo/Hi, Lo/Lo/Hi/Hi

Default: Lo/Hi/Lo/Hi

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Non-Condensing Output Type/Non-Cond Staging Mode

- During low load conditions, some boilers run more efficient when the lower stages are energized alone than with the higher stages. For these types of boilers select Lo/Lo/Hi/Hi. Then, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will sequence the lower stages of all boilers set to Auto before sequencing the higher stages.
- For the rest of the boiler types, the Lo/Hi/Lo/Hi should allow the staging of the lower stage of the lead boiler followed by the higher stage of the same boiler. Then when more stages are needed, it will fire the lower stage of the lag boiler followed by the higher stages



MODULATING BOILER SETTINGS

Boiler Number

Adjustable from 1 to 15

Default: 1

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/Boiler Type/.../Boiler Number

- Select the number of modulating boilers.

Modulating Output Type

4-20mA, 0-10V, 1-10V (Custom) Outputs

Default: 4-20mA

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Boiler Number/Output A Type

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will offer the capability of controlling a variety of modulating signals. Each boiler can be configured to have a different modulating signal. Check the boiler to determine its signal requirements.
- The 4-20mA modulating option, starts the boiler at 50%. then modulate up or down based on the need. The minimum modulation for any of these boilers will be the Ignition %. See "Ignition %" on page 39.
- There are two 0-10V modulating options; a 0-10V and 1-10V Custom. The 0-10V starts the boiler at 50%. then modulate up or down based on the need. The minimum modulation for any of these boilers will be the Ignition %. See "Ignition %" on page 39.
- The 1-10V Custom option gives the user the capability of adjusting the voltage level at which the boiler starts using the Ignition %. It shall be used on any Raypak 0-10V modulating boiler. The Ignition % will be the level at which the control will output 1VDC.
- When using the Extension, connect it to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid prior to configuring the Output Type. Otherwise, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid might not recognize the Extension stages.

Modulating Mode

Normal, Parallel

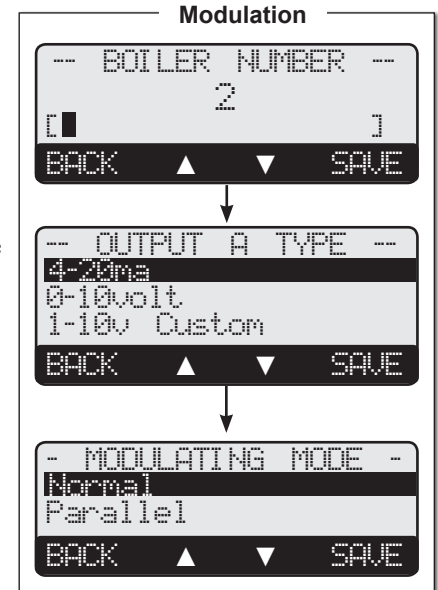
Default: Normal

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Output A Type/Modulating Mode

- Some modulating boilers perform better at higher modulation. For these units, it is advantageous to run one unit at high modulation than several units at lower modulation. If the units used are of this type, select Normal. This is the recommended setting for typical steel and cast iron boilers or boilers with low turndown ratios.
- There are many condensing boilers that run more efficiently at lower modulation. If it is more energy efficient to run several units at lower modulation than one at high, select Parallel. This is typically used on condensing boilers or boilers with high turndown ratios.
- For best Parallel performance, set the Modulation Start % to be equivalent to the lowest firing rate of the boiler multiplied by 2. That is, if the lowest firing of the boiler was 20%, set your Modulation Start% to 40%. See "Modulation Start %" on page 39.
- Set the Lag Delay to 0 for better parallel performance. See "Lag Delay" on page 33.

WARNING

Make sure that boiler modulation wiring matches the signal selected. Warranty will not cover failed components caused by improper wiring. See "Wiring the Boilers" on page 14.



STAGING BOILER SETTINGS

Staging Output Type

On/Off, 2-Stage, 3-Stage, 4-Stage Outputs

Default: On/Off

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Output Type

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid can sequence any type of multi-stage boiler starting with a single On/Off and up to a four 4-stages. Just select the number of stages per boiler from this menu option.
- Each boiler must be connected to one of the relay outputs. In addition to the stage relay the corresponding 0-10V output signal must be used to provide staging..

Boiler Number

Adjustable from 1 to 15

Default: 1

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/Boiler Type/.../Boiler Number

- Select the number of staging boilers. This number multiplied by the number of stages for each boiler will determine the total number of stages required.

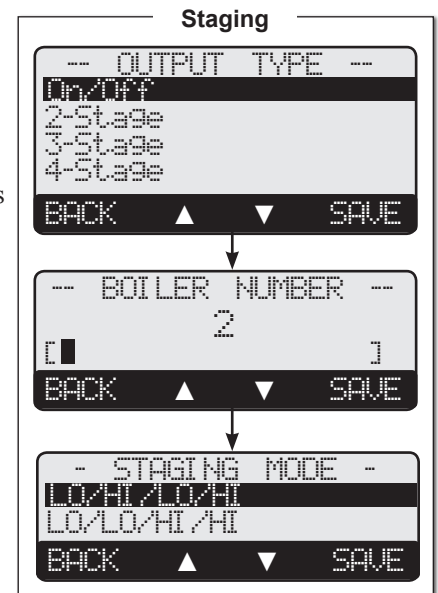
Staging Mode

Lo/Hi/Lo/Hi, Lo/Lo/Hi/Hi

Default: Lo/Hi/Lo/Hi

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Output Type/Staging Mode

- During low load conditions, some boilers run more efficient when the lower stages are energized alone than with the higher stages. For these types of boilers select Lo/Lo/Hi/Hi. Then, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will sequence the lower stages of all boilers set to Auto before sequencing the higher stages.
- For the rest of the boiler types, the Lo/Hi/Lo/Hi should allow the staging of the lower stage of the lead boiler followed by the higher stage of the same boiler. Then when more stages are needed, it will fire the lower stage of the lag boiler followed by the higher stage of the lag boiler.



WARNING

Make sure that boiler wiring matches the Boiler Type selected. Warranty will not cover failed components caused by improper wiring. See "Wiring the Boilers" on page 14.

STARTUP SETTINGS (CONTINUED)

Prove/Indirect Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Priority

Prove, DHW Priority, DHW No Priority, No Priority (Summer)

Default: Prove

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Prove-DHW Sharing

- This setting determines the functionality of input terminals 29 and 30.
- When Prove is selected, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will not start any boiler unless the Prove terminals are shorted/closed. However, it will allow the System relay to operate normally.
- There are three DHW Priority options. In all the options, a DHW call will raise the calculated water temperature to the DHW Set Point (See next setting).
- The Domestic Hot Water Priority option de-energizes the System relay during domestic hot water calls for a period of one hour. If after the priority period the DHW call did not expire, the System relay will energize providing heat to the building and the temperature target will remain at the DHW Set Point. After the DHW call ends, the set point will drop to satisfy the reset ratio or set point.
- Domestic Hot Water No Priority option allows the System relay to remain energized during a domestic hot water call (aquastat call on terminals 29 and 30). However, in Summer, Shutdown, No Tstat call for heat, or when the outdoor temperature is above Outdoor Cutoff, a DHW call will energize the System relay. After the DHW call terminates, the System relay will continue to run for the System Run-On period before turning off.
- Domestic Hot Water No Priority (Summer) behaves the same as the DHW No Priority. The only difference is that in Summer, Shutdown, No Tstat call for heat, or when outdoor temperature is above Outdoor Cutoff, a DHW call WILL NOT energize the System relay except for the Run-On delay after the DHW call ends.



Indirect Domestic Hot Water Set Point

(Available with any of the DHW Priority options)

Adjustable from 140°F/60°C to 200°F/93°C

Default: 180°F/82°C

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Prove-Setpoint

- On a DHW call, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will raise the target temperature to the DHW Set Point until the DHW call expires.



Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode

Shutdown Input, Tstate Input, Setback Input

Default: Shutdown Input

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Setback\Shutdown

- This menu determines the functionality of terminals 31 and 32.
- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has two levels of heat, a Normal/Day and a Setback/Night. The Normal/Day is good for when buildings are occupied and people are active. The Setback/Night holds a lower system temperature for night periods or when buildings are unoccupied.
- When Shutdown or Tstat is selected, the Day/Night Schedules will be available in the operating menu. See next settings. Terminals 31 and 32 will function as a Shutdown (Turn off boilers when shorted) or as a Tstat (Turn off boilers when opened). However, a call for indirect DHW will bring the boilers on.
- When Setback is selected, the External Signal option will switch the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid to Setback mode when terminals 31 and 32 are shorted. This allows an external device or control to provide the setback signal. No scheduling or boost menu options will be available with Setback.



Boost Mode

(Not Available in Setback Mode)

30 Minutes, Disabled

Default: Disable

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Boost Mode

- The morning Boost is designed to return the building to comfortable ambient temperatures after the cooler Night (Setback) period. The control will accomplish this by running elevated water temperatures (will add Setback setting to calculated water temperature) for 30 minutes before the start of the Day schedule setting. That is, if the normal day set point at a specific outdoor was 145°F and the Setback setting was 20°F, the boost will raise the system calculated temperature to 165°F for 30 minutes before the start of the Day Schedule setting.
- If no Boost is needed, then simply select Disabled from the Boost Menu.
- Boost is only available if Shutdown or Tstat is selected as an option. See previous setting.



Sensor Fault

All Off, All On

Default: All On

Button: MENU/<System Startup>/.../Sensor Fault

- The Sensor Fault will determine the operating status of all output stages that has their Mode set to Auto when a sensor reads Short or Open.
- When All-Off is selected, the control will turn all boilers Off when the System sensor reads Short or Open. However, when the Outdoor sensor reads Short or Open, the control will try to maintain the Minimum Water Temperature.
- When All-On is selected and the Boiler Type was set to other than Hybrid, the control will turn all boilers On to a 100% when the System sensor reads Short or Open and the outdoor temperature is below Outdoor Cutoff. However, when the Outdoor sensor reads Short or Open, the control will try to maintain the Maximum Water Temperature.
- When All-On is selected and the Boiler Type was set to Hybrid, the control will turn all Non-Condensing boilers On to full fire when the System sensor reads Short or Open and the outdoor temperature is below Outdoor Cutoff. During that time all Condensing boilers will turn Off. When the Outdoor sensor reads Short or Open, the control will try to maintain the Maximum Water Temperature.



NOTE

A good practice after performing any Startup menu modification is to check all operating settings and adjustments to match the new settings.

SETTING THE CONTROL TO FACTORY DEFAULTS

To Reset the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid control to its original factory defaults, power down the control. Hold down the two right most buttons while powering the control back up until the TOTAL CLEAR STARTED screen appears. The Display will direct you to the Startup menu to program the control after the defaults are loaded.

TOTAL CLEAR STARTED
Release buttons
and
Please Wait

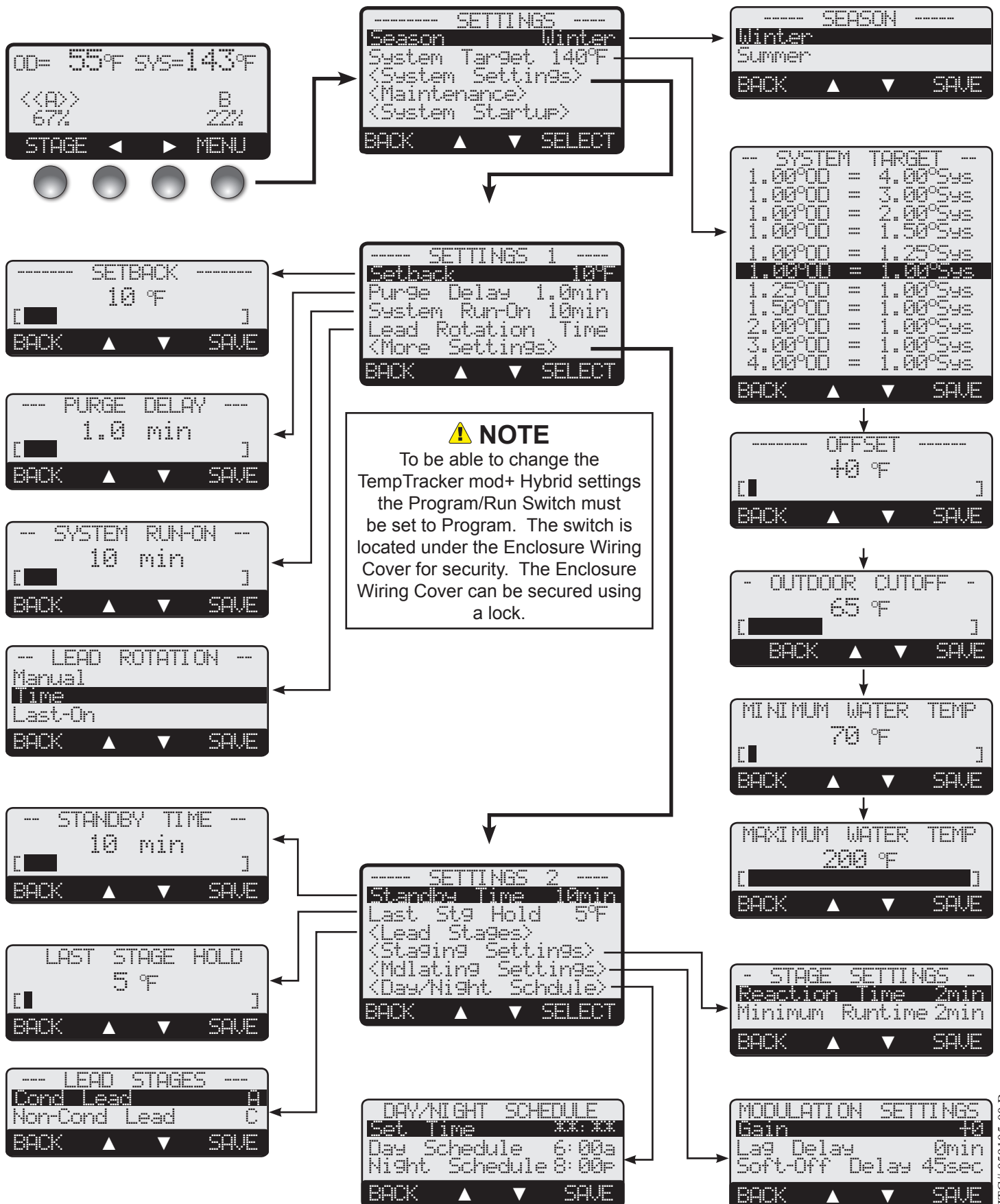


NOTE: When resetting the control to original factory defaults all control settings will be overwritten and will no longer exist.

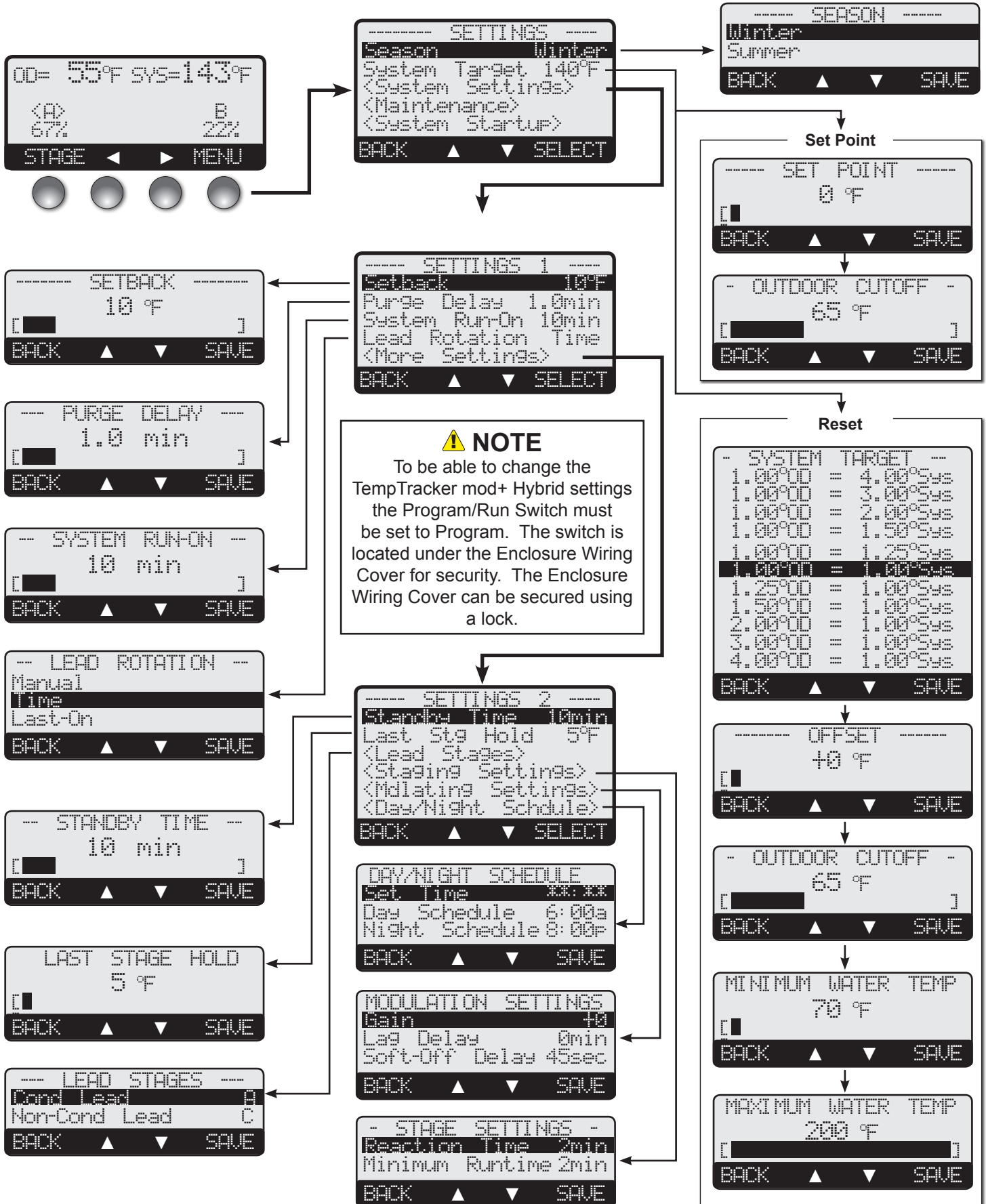
NOTE

Do not turn off power to control until all Startup settings have been made. Otherwise, the next power-up will be set to many Startup factory settings that may not fit your application.

HYBRID OPERATING MENU



MODULATING AND STAGING OPERATING MENU



OPERATING SETTINGS

Program Change Switch Setting

To be able to change the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid settings, the Program/Run Switch must be set to Program. The switch is located under the Enclosure Wiring Cover for security.



Season

Winter, Summer

Default: Winter

Button: MENU/Season

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will turn all boiler relays off when it is in Summer setting. However, an indirect DHW call will bring boilers back on when needed. The Message Display Line will display **Summer** to show the status.
- In Winter, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will activate the System relay whenever the Outdoor temperature (OD) falls below the Outdoor Cutoff setting. The Message Display Line will not show any season information when in Winter.
- When the heating season is over, it is a good practice to switch the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid to Summer setting. This will allow the control to sequence the boilers on an indirect DHW call.



NOTE

DO NOT turn power off to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid when heating season is over. If you do so, the battery will run down and will have to be replaced. Instead, switch to Summer.

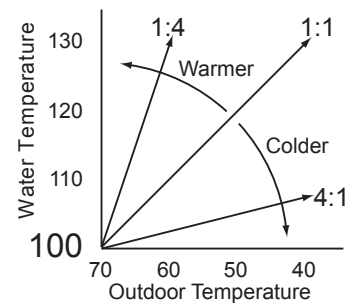
Reset Ratio

Adjustable 1.00°OD : 4.00°Sys to 4.00°OD : 1.00°Sys Default: 1.00°OD : 1.00°Sys

Button: MENU/System Target

- The Reset Ratio determines how the System water temperature (SYS) will vary with Outdoor temperature (OD). With any of the ratios, the colder it becomes outside, the hotter the temperature of the system water. See "Outdoor Reset Concept" on page 5.
- With a 1.00 (OD):4.00 (SYS) ratio, the System water temperature (SYS) will increase rapidly as the outside temperature falls, hitting the maximum of 240°F at 24°F outside temperature. With a 4.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) ratio, the System water temperature (SYS) will increase slowly as the outside temperature falls. Even at -30°F, the system water will only be 125°F, and at 24°F outside, the system water will be 112°F. Such a low Reset Ratio might be used with radiant floor heating applications.
- With most baseboard heating applications, a 1.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) setting is a good place to start. With a 1.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) ratio, for every degree the outside temperature falls, the system water temperature is increased one degree.
- If required: **Adjust the RESET RATIO in cold weather.** If the ambient building temperatures are too low in cold weather, move the ratio to a higher selection. That is, if 1.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) was initially selected, change the selection to 1.00 (OD):1.25 (SYS). If the building temperatures are too warm in cold weather, move the ratio to a lower selection. That is, if 1.00 (OD):1.00 (SYS) was initially selected, change the selection to 1.25 (OD):1.00 (SYS).

OD	SYS
1.00°OD	= 4.00°Sys
1.00°OD	= 3.00°Sys
1.00°OD	= 2.00°Sys
1.00°OD	= 1.50°Sys
1.00°OD	= 1.25°Sys
1.00°OD	= 1.00°Sys
1.25°OD	= 1.00°Sys
1.50°OD	= 1.00°Sys
2.00°OD	= 1.00°Sys
3.00°OD	= 1.00°Sys
4.00°OD	= 1.00°Sys



Reset Ratio

Offset

Adjustable from 50F°/28C° to -50F°/-28C°

Default: 0F°/0C°

Button: MENU/System Target/Offset

- The Offset adjust the starting points of the Reset Ratio curve. This means that, regardless of the Outdoor temperature (OD) or the Reset Ratio that has been selected, when the Offset setting is changed, that change is directly added to or subtracted from the calculated temperature. For example, if the Set Point was 130°F and the Offset was changed from 0F° to 10F° (an increase of 10F°), then the Set Point temperature would increase to 140°F.
- The Offset setting does not change the ratio selection. What the Offset does is add or subtract a constant temperature value. See "Outdoor Reset Concept" on page 5.



- If required: **Adjust the Water Offset in mild weather.** If the ambient building temperatures are too warm in mild weather, decrease the offset. If the ambient building temperatures are too cold in mild weather, increase the Water Offset.
- The rule of thumb for baseboard radiation is to change the offset 4°F for every 1°F you wish to change the building temperature. In radiant heat applications, change the offset 1°F or 2°F for every 1°F you wish to change the building temperature.

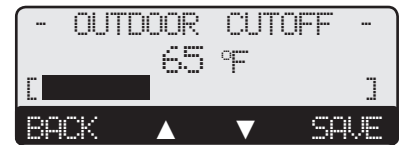
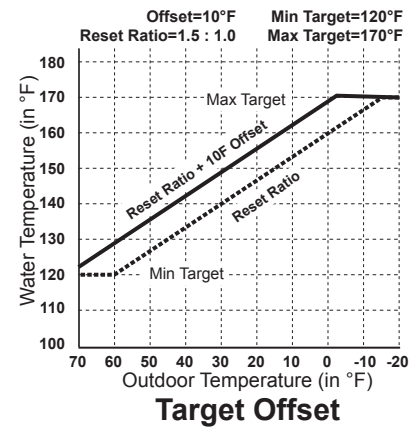
Outdoor Cutoff Temperature

Adjustable: Off, from 20°F / 70°C - 100°F / 38°C, On

Default: 65°F / 18°C

Button: MENU/System Target/Offset/Outdoor Cutoff

- The control will turn heating off if the outside temperature rises above the Outdoor Cutoff. This setting shall not affect any indirect DHW requirement.
- The Outdoor Cutoff screen will automatically appear after setting the Offset.
- When the outdoor temperature falls to the adjustable Outdoor Cutoff temperature, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will operate the boilers to hold the calculated temperature.
- When the outdoor temperature rises to the Outdoor Cutoff plus a 2°F differential, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will turn all boilers off. The System relay will remain energized for the Run-On delay then de-energize.
- The Outdoor Cutoff can be set from 20°F to 100°F. In addition, it can be set to ON or OFF. In the ON position, the System Relay will run regardless of the Outdoor temperature (OD) and the burner stages will be active to hold the calculated water temperature. (Note: The lowest water temperature the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will circulate is 70°F. If the Outdoor Cutoff is turned ON and the Season is set to Winter, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will circulate at least 70°F water even in the hottest of weather.) In the OFF position, the system pump will always be off and all burner stages will be off.



Minimum Water Temp

Adjustable from 70°F/21°C to 180°F/82°C

Hybrid Default: 70°F / 21°C

Staging or Modulation Default: 120°F / 49°C

Button: MENU/System Target/Offset/Outdoor Cutoff/Minimum Water Temp

- The Minimum Water Temperature must be set to the boiler manufacturer's specification. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will calculate the Set Point based on the Outdoor temperature (OD), the Reset Ratio, and the Offset value. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will control all boilers to hold either the Set Point temperature, or the Minimum Water Temperature, whichever is higher.
- The Minimum Water Temperature must be at least 20°F lower than the Maximum Temperature (See next setting).



Maximum Water Temp

Adjustable 70°F/21°C - 220°F/104°C

Default: 200°F/93°C

Button: MENU/System Target/Offset/.../Maximum Water Temperature

- This is the highest temperature heating water the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will circulate through the heating system.
- When using a radiation system, it should be set according to the tubing or floor manufacturer's specification.
- The Maximum Temperature must be at least 20°F higher than the Minimum Temperature (See previous setting).



SYSTEM SETTINGS

Button: MENU/ <System Settings>

Settings 1 and Settings 2 menus provide access to adjusting and fine-tuning the system for enhanced comfort and better fuel savings. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid behaves differently based on the selected modes. See "Startup Settings" on page 17.

NOTE

To be able to change the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid settings the Program/Run Switch must be set to Program. The switch is located under the Enclosure Wiring Cover for security. The Enclosure Wiring Cover can be secured using a lock.

Setback

Adjustable from 0F°/0C° to 75F°/42C°

Default: 10F°/6C°

Button: MENU/ <System Settings> /Setback

- The Setback feature can be used to provide the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid with a lower temperature Set Point when less load is required.
- The lower Set Point will appear on the main display indicating this condition.
- For example, if the calculated temperature is 180°F and the Setback is 20°F, then when in Setback or Night Schedule, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will hold a Set Point of 160°F = 180°F - 20°F. See "Day/Night Schedules" on page 35.
- A typical use for the Setback is to provide less system temperature to a building during the Night Schedule or on the weekends when people are asleep or when the building is not occupied, but heat is still needed.
- The amount of Setback selected is subtracted from the Set Point when a Setback Input Signal is received or the Night Time schedule setting started.
- If Setback is selected as the Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode (See "Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode" on page 25.), the Setback will not be activated unless a Short dry-contact signal is received on terminals (31 and 32).
- If Shutdown or Tstat is selected as the Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode (See "Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode" on page 25.), the Setback will be activated only during the Night Schedule.

Purge Delay

Adjustable from 0.0 min to 10.0 min

Default: 1.0 min

Button: MENU/ <System Settings> /Purge Delay

- Many boilers go through a purge cycle before they are brought on line. When the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid activates a boiler, it does not start to calculate its output until the Purge Delay is over. This allows the boiler to fully come online and begin producing.
- The Purge Delay helps prevent short cycling of any newly activated burner. Once the burner is activated, it **MUST** run through the entire Purge Delay period.
- The minimum Purge Delay setting **MUST** be set to the time required by the boiler manufacturer. Time entry is in 0.1 of a minute (i.e. 1.5 minute will equal 90 seconds.)
- The Message Display Line will display Purge Delay and the remaining time.

System Run-On

Adjustable from 0 min to 360 min

Default: 10 min

Button: MENU/ <System Settings> /System run-On

- A common use for the System Run-On is to control a system pump in a heating system. The extra time helps transfer the boiler residual heat to the heating system.
- The System relay will energize whenever the outdoor temperature is below the Outdoor Cutoff and the Shutdown is Open or the Tstat is closed. When the Outdoor temperature rises 2°F above the Outdoor Cutoff or the control is switched to Summer and after the last burner relay has de-energized, the System relay will remain energized for the System Run-On period.



NOTE

When using Soft-Off and Last Stage Hold, the last boiler stage will not turn off until both parameters have elapsed. In this case, Soft-Off will start after the Last Stage Hold.



NOTE

Set Purge Delay as per boiler manufacturer recommendation.



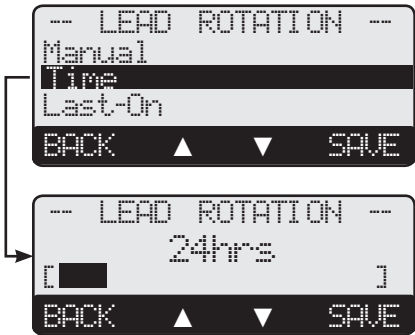
- The System Run-On time should be set based on the size and type of the boilers and pumps used. In general, when setting the System Run-On consult the boiler and pump manufacturers for the best setting.
- When the System relay is in the Run-On period, the Message Display Line will indicate that status and the remaining time.

Lead Boiler Rotation

Adjustable Manual, Time (1 hr to 60 Days), Last-On Default: Time (24Hours)

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/Lead Rotation

- The Lead Boiler is the first boiler brought on when an output is needed.
- The Lead Boiler can be rotated automatically every specified time period, manually, or based on Last-On. Time rotation is recommended.
- The Lead Group Lead Boiler is shown in bracket layers on the main display. The Lag Group lead Boiler is shown in a single bracket. See "Boiler Status" on page 37.
- Only boilers which are set to Auto Mode can be Lead. Therefore, not all the boilers may be available when manually selecting a new Lead Boiler.



Standby Time

Adjustable from 1 min to 60 min Default: 10 min

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/Standby Time

- Standby boilers are used for backup or extreme load conditions only. A Standby boiler can never be a Lead Boiler.
- The Standby Time only applies to boilers set to Standby.
- A boiler can be set to be a Standby boiler using the Stage Menu. See "Mode" on page 38.
- A Standby boiler can only be activated after all the boilers in Auto Mode have run at 100% modulation for the full Standby Time.
- The full Standby Time must always elapse regardless of what happens to the system temperature. Therefore, shorter Standby Times will result in smoother set point operation in extreme conditions. On the other hand, longer Standby Times may prevent a Standby boiler from firing if the other boilers can eventually meet the load, or if the load decreases.



Last Stage Hold

Adjustable from 0F°/0C° to 30F°/17C° Default: 5F°/3C°

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/Last Stg Hold

- The Last Stage Hold prevents short cycling of the Lead Stage during low demand periods.
- In these conditions, the system might require less output than the lowest lead Stage. When the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid brings on the Lead Stage, the Set Point is quickly exceeded, and the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid turns the Lead Stage off.
- To prolong the run time during this type of condition, use the Last Stage Hold setting to let the system temperature exceed the Set Point by the number of degrees selected.
- For example, with a Set Point of 160°F and a Last Stage Hold setting of 10°F, the Lead Stage boiler will de-energize after the Set Point exceeds 170°F (160°F + 10°F).
- In many cases, it is better to overshoot slightly than to short cycle a boiler.
- When Soft-Off is set to other than 0 seconds, the Lead Boiler will need to remain at or exceed the Last Stage Hold for the Soft-Off period before turning off.

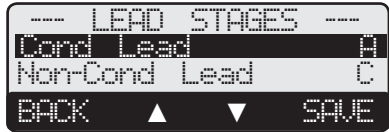


Lead Stages

Condensing Lead, Non-Condensing Lead Default: 1st boiler in the Group

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/Lead Stages

- In addition to having a lead group, each group of boilers, Condensing Group and Non-Condensing Group, will have its own lead boiler that can be selected from this menu.
- After assigning the lead boiler for each group, the lead will rotate based on the Lead Rotation option selected. See "Lead Boiler Rotation" on page 32.
- The Lead Group Lead Boiler can be identified by the two brackets <<A>>.
- The Lag Group Lead Boiler can be identified by the one bracket <C>.



MODULATING BOILER OPERATING SETTINGS

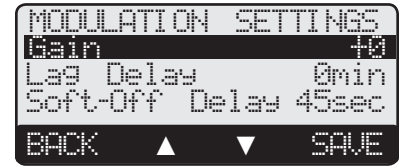
Gain

Adjustable from -10 to +10

Default: 0

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/<Modulating Settings>/Gain

- The Gain adjusts the aggressiveness of the modulating PID logic. It controls how much modulation is changed when the system temperature is different from the Set Point.
- A Gain of 0 is a good starting point for all systems.
- If during normal load conditions, the system temperature tends to oscillate significantly, decrease the Gain by two numbers (for example, from 0 to -2). Wait for at least 15 minutes before evaluating how the change has affected the system.
- If during normal load conditions the system temperature tends to remain consistently below the Set Point (or consistently above the Set Point), increase the Gain by two numbers (for example, from 0 to 2). Wait for at least 15 minutes before evaluating how the change has affected the system.



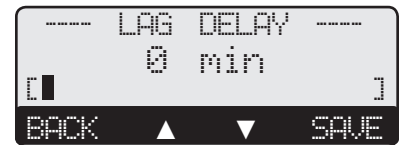
Lag Delay

Adjustable from 0min to 60min

Default: 0min

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/<Modulating Settings>/Lag Delay

- The Lag Delay requires the lead stage to remain at 100% modulation for the full period of the Lag Delay before the lag stage can be activated. For example, if the Lag Delay was set to 10 minutes, the Lead Stage must remain at 100% modulation for the full ten minutes before the lag stage could be activated. The Message Display Line will display Lag Delay and the remaining time.
- The Lag Delay is useful in installations where one unit should usually have enough output to hold the load unless it fails or load conditions become extreme.
- The Lag Delay overrides the Modulation Start % selected for each stage. Regardless of that setting, the previous stage must reach and stay at 100% before the lag stage can be activated.
- The full Lag Delay must elapse regardless of what happens to the system temperature. Therefore, set the Lag Delay to 0 minutes to achieve smooth operation.
- Note that if Parallel was selected as the Modulation Mode (See "Modulating Logic Overview" on page 4), this value must be set to 0 minutes to avoid having the lead boiler going to 100% modulation prior to firing the lag boiler.



Soft-Off Delay

Adjustable from 0sec to 60sec

Default: 10 sec

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/<Modulating Settings>/Soft-Off Delay

- When a boiler is no longer needed, the Soft-Off keeps that boiler in Low Fire prior to turning it off.
- The display will show a percent that is equal to the Ignition % for the stage in Soft-Off delay. That number will blink for the Soft-Off delay period.
- If during the Soft-Off delay period the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid needed that stage to turn back on, the stage will be released from the Soft-Off delay and resume normal operation.
- On a Shutdown initiation or Tstat termination any stage that was On will go into Soft-Off delay before fully turning off.



NOTE

When using Soft-Off and Last Stage Hold, the last boiler will not turn off until both parameters have elapsed. In this case, Soft-Off will start after the Last Stage Hold.

STAGING BOILER OPERATING SETTINGS

Reaction Time

Adjustable from 1 to 10 minutes

Default: 2 minutes

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/<Stage Settings>/Reaction Time

- It is the amount of time it takes a single stage to affect the system.
- After the control turns on a stage trying to meet the set point, it will not turn on another stage until the Reaction Time has elapsed.
- To determine the optimum time, start with a hot system. Then, turn on a single stage and calculate how long it takes until the system temperature begins to respond to that stage. That period should be set as the Reaction Time.



Minimum Runtime

Adjustable from 1 to 60 minutes

Default: 2 minutes

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/<Stage Settings>/Min Runtime

- This is the minimum amount of time any stage will run.
- For the lowest stage of a unit, the Minimum Runtime starts after the purge cycle.
- The Runtime does not apply to the last stage online. The Last Stage Hold applies in that case.
- Initially, set the Minimum Runtime to half the Reaction Time.
- If the system tends to overshoot, reduce the Minimum Runtime. However, if boilers tend to short cycle, increase the Minimum Runtime.

Avoiding Conflicting Boiler Limits

The temperature limits set on the boilers MUST be set considerably higher than the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid's Set Point for the reasons detailed below.

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid sensor is located in a common header some distance from the boilers.
- As the temperature rises in the header and before reaching the sensor location, energy is dissipated. Therefore, the temperature in the header could be lower than that registered by boiler sensors.
- In addition to the normal drop experienced between the boiler's temperature and that read by the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid sensor, the Last Stage Hold setting must be accounted for. The boiler limit must be set above the Set Point PLUS the Last Stage Hold PLUS the normal drop experienced in the piping.
- Using the previous example of a 10°F Last Stage Hold with a 160°F Set Point, the boilers' limits must be set enough over 170°F to prevent the boilers' internal limits being reached. In this situation, the boiler high limit should be set higher than 180°F to prevent erratic operation.

WARNING

The temperature limits set on the boilers must be higher than the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid Max Water Temp. Read the left section for details that will prevent erratic system operation.

DAY / NIGHT SCHEDULE

DAY/NIGHT SCHEDULES

(Available when "Shutdown or Tstat" is selected from the Shutdown/Tstat/ Setback Startup menu option only)

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/Day/Night Schedule

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid has two levels of heat. The Day (Normal) level is used when a building is occupied and people are active.
- The Night (Setback) level is used when a building is not occupied, or when people are sleeping. This setting reduces the calculated temperature by the Setback setting. See "Setback" on page 31. If the Day calculated water temperature was 150°F and the Setback was 20°F, the Night Schedule will run at $(150^{\circ}\text{F} - 20^{\circ}\text{F}) = 130^{\circ}\text{F}$.
- If the Boost feature is being used, it uses the Day Schedule as the Boost ending point. See "Boost Mode" on page 25. That is, if the Day Schedule is set to start at 6:00AM, the Boost will start 30 minutes prior to the Day setting at 5:30AM. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will then raise the calculated water temperature by the Setback amount. Using the previous example, at 5:30AM the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will raise the calculated water to 170°F $(150^{\circ}\text{F} + 20^{\circ}\text{F})$ until 6:00AM.



Set Time

Button: MENU/<System Settings>/<More Settings>/Set Time

- Adjust the time by selecting Set Time from the menu and then scrolling through the hours then select Save. If the hours are to be set to PM, scroll through the AM hours to reach the PM hours. Then, scroll through the minutes then select Save.



NOTE

Remember that the battery is the backup for the Time. If no power is supplied to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid and there was no battery or the battery had no power, time values will be lost and will need to be reset.

MAINTENANCE

Button: MENU/<Maintenance>

The Maintenance menu gives access to sensor and modulating output trimming. In addition, you'll have access to view the Startup configuration settings.

NOTE

To be able to change the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid settings the Program/Run Switch must be set to Program. The switch is located under the Enclosure Wiring Cover for security. The Enclosure Wiring Cover can be secured using a lock.



System & Outdoor Sensor Trim

Adjustable from -5F°/-3C° to +5F°/+3C°

Default: 0°F

Button: MENU/<Maintenance>/System Trim

Button: MENU/<Maintenance>/Outdoor Trim

- The Raypak thermistor type sensors are very accurate, and normally require no calibration. Sometimes it may be desirable to make small adjustments to the displayed value for either the Outdoor temperature (OD) or the System temperature (SYS). The Trim setting is used to adjust the displayed value.
- Do not use the Trim setting to make the Outdoor temperature sensor match that reported on the radio or TV. Outdoor temperature can vary widely over a broadcast range. Only trim the outdoor sensor based on an accurate thermometer reading taken where the sensor is located.



Output Modulation Trim
(Available for modulating boilers only)

Adjustable from -1.0 to +1.0 Default: 0.0

Button: MENU/<Maintenance>/Output Trim

- Each of the modulating stages controlled has a separate Output Trim setting.
- Output Trim acts as an adjustment to a stage output percent to match the burner motor.
- After adjusting the Output Trim, test the operation to make sure the results match your expectation.



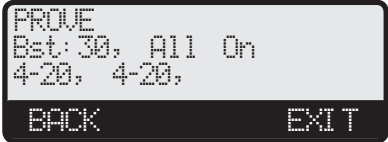
NOTE

DO NOT use the Output Trim for a Stage unless it is absolutely necessary. Test burner operation and modulation output matching after adjusting the Output Trim.

Configuration

Button: MENU/<Maintenance>/<Configuration>

- This menu option provides a consolidated view of the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid's Startup and Stage settings.



Outdoor and System Temperature

Messages

}Boilers and Their Status

Button Functions



Buttons

DISPLAY

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid display layout provides a variety of information that gives an immediate picture of the operation status. The display shows two boilers at a time. When extensions are present, the two middle buttons (◀ ▶) scroll the screen to view additional boilers. Moreover, all the information displayed can be viewed in brightly or dimly lit rooms.

- The buttons' functionality changes based on the screen and menu level. The buttons' functionality is displayed on a dark background on the screen bottom line.
- (◀ ▶) Horizontal arrows are to scroll through the available stages.
- (▲ ▼) Vertical arrows are to scroll through the menu functions when in menus or to change settings when in a setting screen.
- The Top line displays the Outdoor and System sensor values.
- The second line displays all messages pertaining to the operation or status. See "Display Messages" on the next page.
- The third line will list the boiler stages. Additional stages can be scrolled to using the two middle buttons. The lead boiler letter will be bracketed. See "Lead Boiler Rotation" on page 32. The lead boiler in the lead group will have two sets of brackets.
- The fourth line lists each boiler modulation or sequencing status. See "Boiler Status" on the next page.

BOILER STATUS

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid boiler status gives immediate access to each boiler stages or modulation.

- --- Boiler is off due to no call for heat.
- <<A>> A is the lead boiler in the lead Hybrid group. See "Lead Stages" on page 32.
- <C> C is the lead boiler in the lag Hybrid group or the lead boiler in Staging or Modulating Boiler Type. See "Lead Stages" on page 32.
- C/E Extension panel is NOT communicating back to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid. See "Connecting to the Extension Panels and 4-20mA EMS Interface" on page 16.
- mON All boiler stages are set to ON.
- mOFF All boiler stages are set to OFF.

Display Modulating Boiler Status

- 97% Boiler is modulating at the indicated percentage.
- m95% Boiler Stage Mode is set to Manual Modulation to the specified percent. See "Mode" on page 38.
- h50% Boiler is in post purge for 30 seconds.

Display Staging Boiler Status

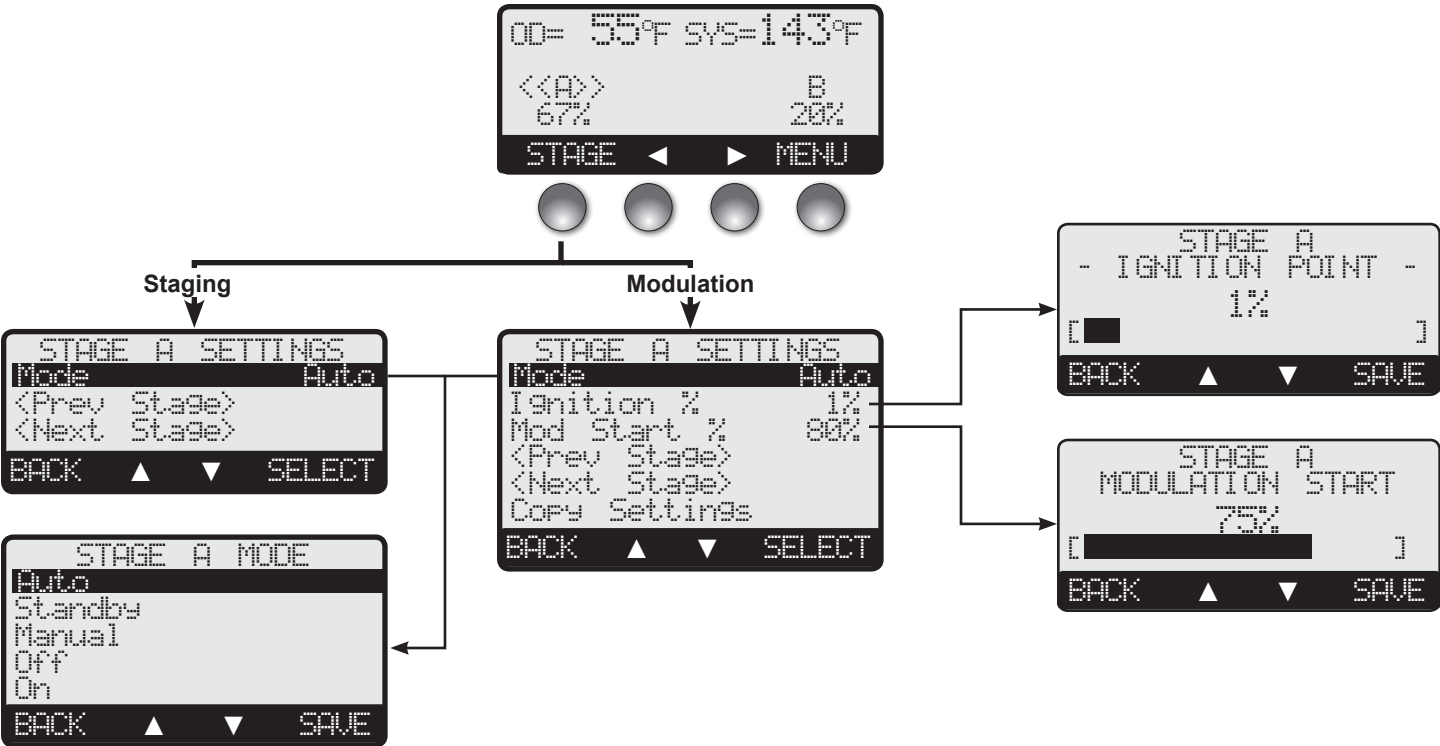
- High Boiler highest firing stage is active. The boiler Mode is set to either Auto or Standby.
- Med Boiler Middle stage on a 3-stage boiler is active. The boiler Mode is set to either Auto or Standby.
- Mhigh Boiler Middle High stage on a 4-stage boiler is active. The boiler Mode is set to either Auto or Standby.
- Mlow Boiler Middle Low stage on a 4-stage boiler is active. The boiler Mode is set to either Auto or Standby.
- Low Boiler lowest firing stage is active. The boiler Mode is set to either Auto or Standby.

DISPLAY MESSAGES

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid display layout reserved the second line for message indications. The following is a list of the most common Message Display Line information:

- Boost To 170°F The Boost has started 30 minutes before the Day Schedule setting and the Boost temperature is 170°F. See "Boost Mode" on page 25.
- DHW Call (180°F) There is an indirect DHW call. The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will raise the system Set Point to the indicated temperature. DHW increases calculated temperature to the DHW Set Point. See "Domestic Hot Water Set Point" on page 25.
- Holding Until 150°F The Lead boiler is in Last Stage Hold. This example shows that the lead stage will turn off when system temperature reaches 150°F. See "Last Stage Hold" on page 32.
- Lag Delay: 123 The lead boiler is at 100% and the remaining purge time to start the lag boiler in seconds is 123. See "Lag Delay" on page 33.
- Outdoor Cutoff The outdoor temperature is above the Outdoor Cutoff setting. No boilers will be active for heating. See "Outdoor Cutoff Temperature" on page 30.
- Prove Failure After boilers have run for some time, Prove signal has ended. All boilers set to Auto or Standby will de-energize. However, the System relay will remain energized. See "Prove/Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Priority" on page 24 and "Wiring the Prove" on page 13.
- Purge Delay: 23 A boiler is in purge cycle and the remaining purge time in seconds is 23. See "Purge Delay" on page 31.
- Setback to: 130°F The Night Schedule or Setback input is active. Current Setback temperature is 130°F. See "Setback" on page 31. See "Day/Night Schedules" on page 35.
- Shutdown Active The Shutdown Terminals are Shorted. No boilers will be active. See "Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode" on page 25. Also See "Wiring the Shutdown, Tstat, or Setback" on page 12.
- Summer The control is set to Summer. No heat is active. See "Season" on page 29.
- Switch in: 00:30 The switch from one group to the other will take place after 30 minutes. See "Switch Delay" on page 21.
- System Run-On: 46 The System relay is ON for the System Run-On Delay. This example shows that it will remain in System Run-On for an additional 46 seconds before turning off. See "System Run-On" on page 31.
- Tstat Call The Tstat Terminals are Shorted. Boilers will be active. See "Shutdown/Tstat/Setback Mode" on page 25.
- Waiting for Prove The System relay is ON and the prove terminals are open before the lead boiler relay can energize. See "Prove/Domestic Hot Water (DHW) Priority" on page 24.

BOILER STAGE MENU



BOILER STAGE SETTINGS

Button: STAGE/

The Stage menu provides adjustment for each of the individually boiler operations.

- In most installations, all active boiler adjustments are the same, but each can be configured differently if desired.
- If the boilers are not set up properly, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid operation may appear to be erratic.
- When the STAGE button is depressed, the Boiler A settings menu will be shown.
- Make all the appropriate settings for Boiler A (See below).
- After completing all the settings for Boiler A (See below), you have the option of copying these settings to all other modulating boilers. Everything but the Mode -- Auto/Standby/Manual/Off/On -- will be copied.
- Then select the <Next Stage> option from the menu to reach the Boiler B settings menu. Continue until all boilers have been set.
- If an Extension is connected to the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid and the stages have been set through the Startup menu, then scrolling through stages using the <Next Stage> and <Prev Stage> menu options will scroll through the Extension stages as well.

NOTE

To change the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid settings, the Program/Run Switch must be set to Program. The switch is located under the Enclosure Wiring Cover for security. The Enclosure Wiring Cover can be secured using a lock.

Modulating Boiler Stage Menu



Sequencing Boiler Stage Menu



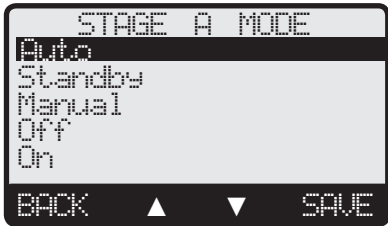
Mode

Auto, Standby, Manual, Off, On

Default: Auto

Button: STAGE/Mode

- The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid only controls the modulation of boilers set to Auto or (after a delay) those set to Standby. None of the other settings is recommended for outputs connected to active boilers.
- Any stage without an active boiler or stage connected must be set to Off.
- The following list describes the MODE options:



- Auto** The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will control the boiler's operation to maintain the desired Set Point. Only boilers set to Auto can be Lead boilers.
- Standby** Standby boilers can only be activated when all boilers in Auto have been at 100% modulation or at High fire for the full Standby Time. Standby is generally used when you want a specific boiler to be available in extreme load conditions. Note that a Standby boiler Cannot be a Lead boiler.
- Manual** Available For modulating boilers only. The Manual Mode should only be used when testing a boiler. Manual overrides the Prove input. For modulating boilers, the exact percent of modulation for a boiler can be set with the Manual mode. Once selected, the unit will immediately turn on and modulate to the selected percentage. See "Boiler Status" on page 37.
- Off** Any stage output not connected to a physical stage should be set to Off. The Off Mode can also be used to disable units that are being serviced.
- On** This mode should only be used when testing a boiler. This mode overrides the PROVE input, Season setting, Shutdown or Tstat status, and Sensor Fault status. Once set to On the boiler will immediately start firing at its highest rate.

Ignition %

(Modulating Boilers Only)

0-10VDC Adjustable from 1% to 50%

Default: 1%

1-10VDC Custom Adjustable from 5% to 70%

Default: 25%

Button: STAGE/Ignition %

- The Ignition % of a boiler is the lowest percent of modulation that boiler can achieve. That is for the 4-20mA and 0-10VDC if the Ignition % was set to 20%, the 0-10VDC terminals will output 2VDC. The 4-20mA terminals will output 7.2mA.
- The 1-10V custom boiler types will use the Ignition % when the boiler is activated. In this case, the Ignition % will be the level at which the control will output 1VDC.
- During the Soft-Off Delay, the boiler will remain at the Ignition % before turning Off.



Modulation Start %

(Modulating Boilers Only)

Adjustable from 0% to 100%

Default: 75%

Button: STAGE/Mod Start %

- The Modulation Start determines at what modulation percent the previous boiler (lead boiler) should be for the lag boiler to be activated.
- For example, if the Modulation Start for Boiler B is set to 50%, then when Boiler A reaches 75% modulation (50% Mod Start % + 25% Ignition % = 75%), Boiler B will be brought on.
- When modulation is decreasing, the lag unit will remain on at the Ignition % modulation until the previous boiler reaches 40% of lag boiler's Modulation Start, or 2% above the Ignition Point, whichever is higher.
- Using the same example, as the load decreases, Boiler B will modulate down to its Ignition %. Boiler A will then modulate down to 30% (75% x 40%). Only then will Boiler B turn off.
- If the Lag Delay is set to anything other than 0, the lead boiler must reach 100% modulation before the lag boiler is activated. However, the Modulation Start % should still be set correctly, because it will be valid when modulation is decreasing. "Lag Delay" on page 33
- Raypak suggests that when Parallel is selected as the Modulation Mode to set the Modulation percent equal to or slightly higher than double the Ignition %. This way, the lag boiler will only start if the load is large enough for two boilers to run at the lowest modulation. See "Modulating Logic Overview" on page 4.



Copy Settings - Boiler A Only

(Modulating Boilers Only)

Button: STAGE/Copy Settings

- If all the active modulating boilers are to be set to the same Ignition % and Modulation %, they can be set for Boiler A and then copied to the other modulating boilers.
- It is still required to select the Mode for all other boilers as the Mode is NOT copied.



NOTE

The Mode MUST be set for each boiler. The Copy Settings command will not set the Mode for the remaining boilers. Only Ignition % and Modulation Start % are copied.

TROUBLESHOOTING

SENSOR INPUTS

Display shows Sensor OPEN or SHORT

When the display shows sensor OPEN, short the control sensor input terminals. The display should change to read SHORT. This indicates that the sensor wires are not continuous. If the display does not SHORT, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid may be damaged.

When the display shows sensor SHORT, remove the wires from the sensor terminals. The display should change to read OPEN. In this case, replace the sensor. Otherwise, if the display does not show OPEN, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid may be damaged.

Display shows an Incorrect Temperature

Remove the wires from the sensor terminals. The display should change to read OPEN. If it does not, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid may be damaged. Take an ohm reading across the detached sensor wires. The ohm reading should correspond to the Temperature Sensor Chart. If it does not, the sensor may be damaged.

CONTROL OPERATION

No Heat

- **Season** - Make sure that the Season is set to Winter. See "Season" on page 29 and "Display Messages" on page 37.
- **Prove** - Even though, the system relay may be energized, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will not energize and stage relays unless the Prove is shorted. See "Display Messages" on page 37 and "Wiring the Prove" on page 13.
- **Shutdown** - The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will deactivate stage outputs when the Shutdown terminals are shorted. See "Display Messages" on page 37 and "Wiring the Shutdown, Tstat, or Setback" on page 12.
- **Tstat** - The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will deactivate stage outputs when the Tstat terminals are open. See "Display Messages" on page 37 and "Wiring the Shutdown, Tstat, or Setback" on page 12.
- **Sensor Fault** - When the Sensor Fault is set to All Off in the startup menu, the System sensor fault (in all Sensor Type modes) or the Outdoor sensor fault (in Reset mode) will de-energize all stage relays. See "Display Messages" on page 37 and "Sensor Fault" on page 25.
- **System or Outdoor Sensor** - If the System or Outdoor sensor reading was higher than the actual temperature, the TempTracker mod+ Hybrid might not bring any stage on. Check "Display shows an Incorrect Temperature" section.
- **Outdoor Cutoff** - If the Outdoor cutoff was set too low, the building might be allowed to cool more than is desired. A comfortable setting is between 60°F to 65°F. "Outdoor Cutoff Temperature" on page 30

Too Much Heat

- **Indirect Domestic Hot Water call** - The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will raise the temperature of the system to the DHW Set Point on a DHW call, connected to terminals 29 and 30. Check to see if there is a call for DHW and the length of time it lasts.
- **Reset Ratio and Offset** - If excessive heat occurs only in certain weather conditions, adjust the Reset Ratio and Offset. See "Outdoor Reset Concept" on page 5. If excessive heat occurs year round, reduce the Offset.
- **Boiler Mode Settings** - The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will only controls boilers their mode is set to Auto or Standby. Check if any boiler stage is set to Manual or On. See "Mode" on page 38.
- **Control Settings** - The Last Stage Hold will allow only the Lead boiler to stay on for an additional number of degrees. If the setting is too high, and only the Lead boiler is on, the system can over heat. Reduce the Last Stage Hold setting. See "Last Stage Hold" on page 32.

Temperature Sensor Chart

TEMPERATURE		Value (in Ohms)
°F	°C	
-30	-34	117720
-20	-29	82823
-10	-23	59076
0	-18	42683
10	-12	31215
20	-7	23089
25	-4	19939
30	-1	17264
35	2	14985
40	4	13040
45	7	11374
50	10	9944
55	13	8714
60	16	7653
70	21	5941
80	27	4649
90	32	3667
100	38	2914
110	43	2332
120	49	1879
130	54	1524
140	60	1243
150	66	1021
160	71	842
170	77	699
180	82	583
190	88	489
200	93	412
210	99	349
220	104	297
230	110	253
240	116	217
250	121	187

Too Little Heat

- **Reset Ratio and Offset** - If reduced heat occurs only in certain weather conditions, adjust the Reset Ratio and Offset (See "Outdoor Reset Concept" on page 5). If reduced heat occurs year round, increase the Offset.
- **Setback and Day/Night Schedule** - If reduced heat occurs only during specific hours, check the Day/Night Schedule and the Setback values. Then, reduce the Setback setting. See "Setback" on page 31.
- **Boiler Mode Settings** - The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid will only control boilers their mode is set to Auto or Standby. Check if any boiler stage is set to Manual, Off, or Standby. See "Mode" on page 38.

Boilers are Short-Cycling

- **Lag Delay** - Increase the Lag Delay only if modulating boilers tend to short-cycle.
- **Minimum Runtime** - Increase the Minimum Runtime only if staging boilers tend to short-cycle.
- **Last Stage Hold** - Increase the Last Stage Hold only if the lead boiler tends to short-cycle.

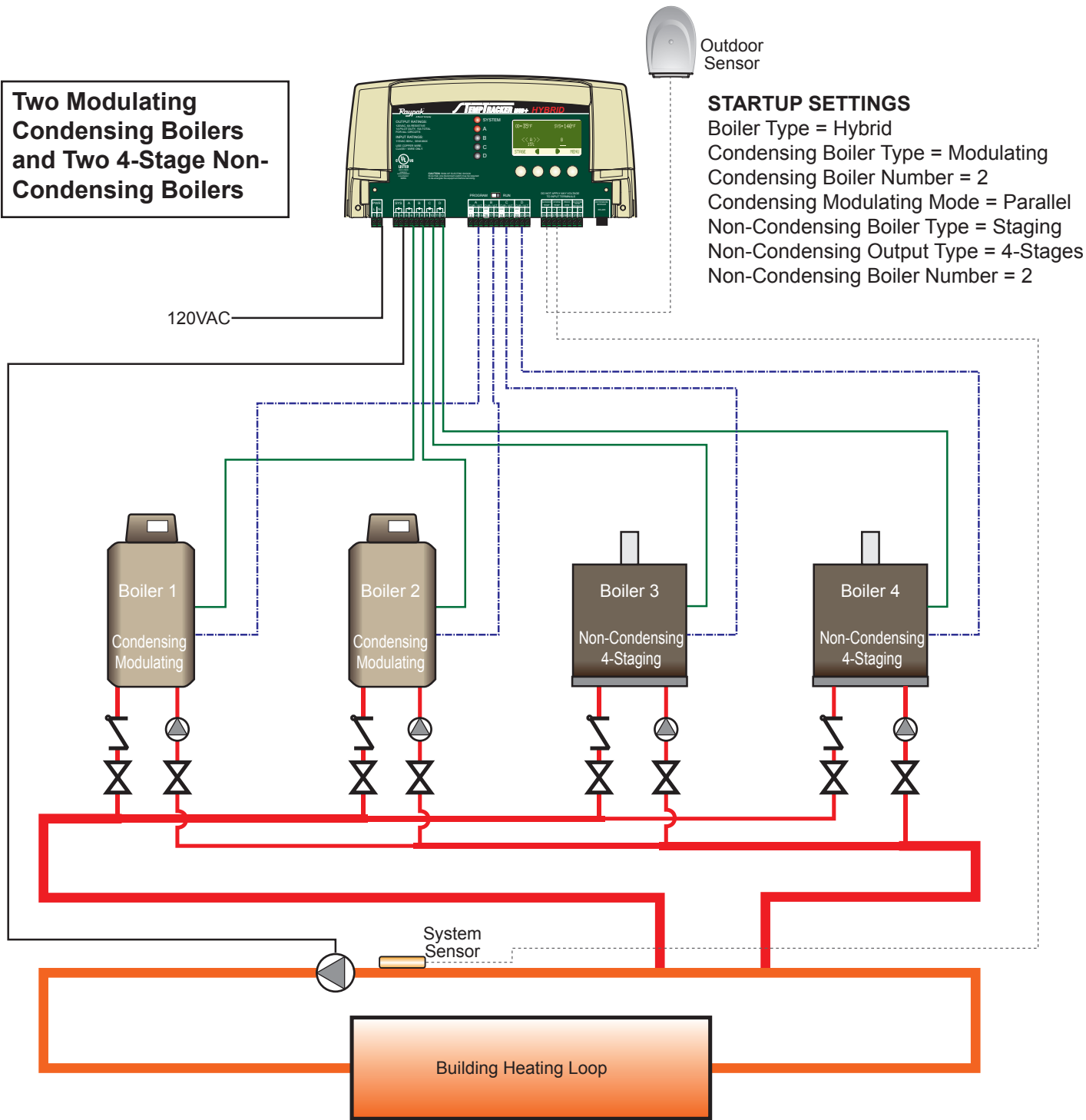
System is Overshooting or Undershooting**Modulating Boilers**

- **Gain** - If when using modulating boilers the system is overshooting reduce the Gain. See "Gain" on page 33.
- **Gain** - If when using modulating boilers the system is undershooting increase the Gain.

Staging Boilers

- **Reaction Time** - If when using staging boilers the system is overshooting increase the Reaction Time. As the stages will be turning on faster than they are affecting the system. If the system was undershooting for long periods, reduce the Reaction Time. See "Reaction Time" on page 34.
- **Minimum Runtime** - If when using staging boilers the system is overshooting reduce the Minimum Run Time. If the system was undershooting, increase the reaction time as it is turning off stages quicker than needed. See "Minimum Runtime" on page 34.

HYBRID PIPING DIAGRAM

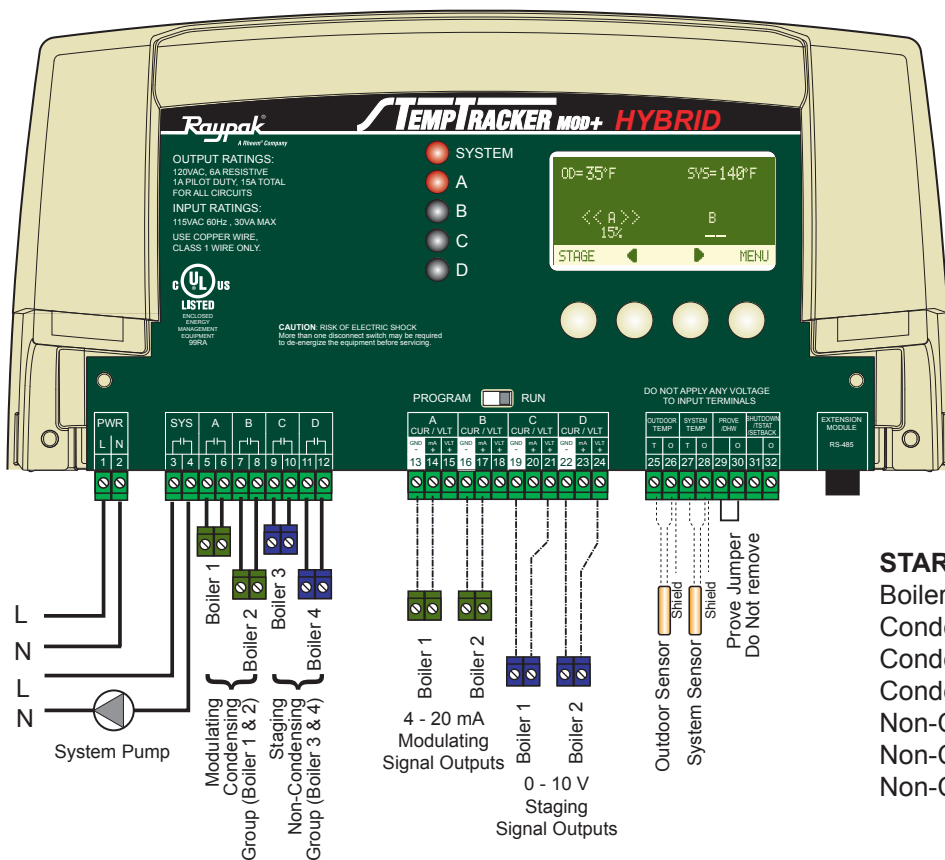


System:

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid operates four modulating boilers and two 4-stage Boilers. The boilers are piped in Reverse Return on the primary loop. The System output is controlling the System Pump.

Raypak, Inc. is aware that each installation is unique. Thus, Raypak, Inc. is not responsible for any installation related to any electrical or plumbing diagram generated by Raypak, Inc. . The provided illustrations are to demonstrate Raypak, Inc. 's control operating concept only.

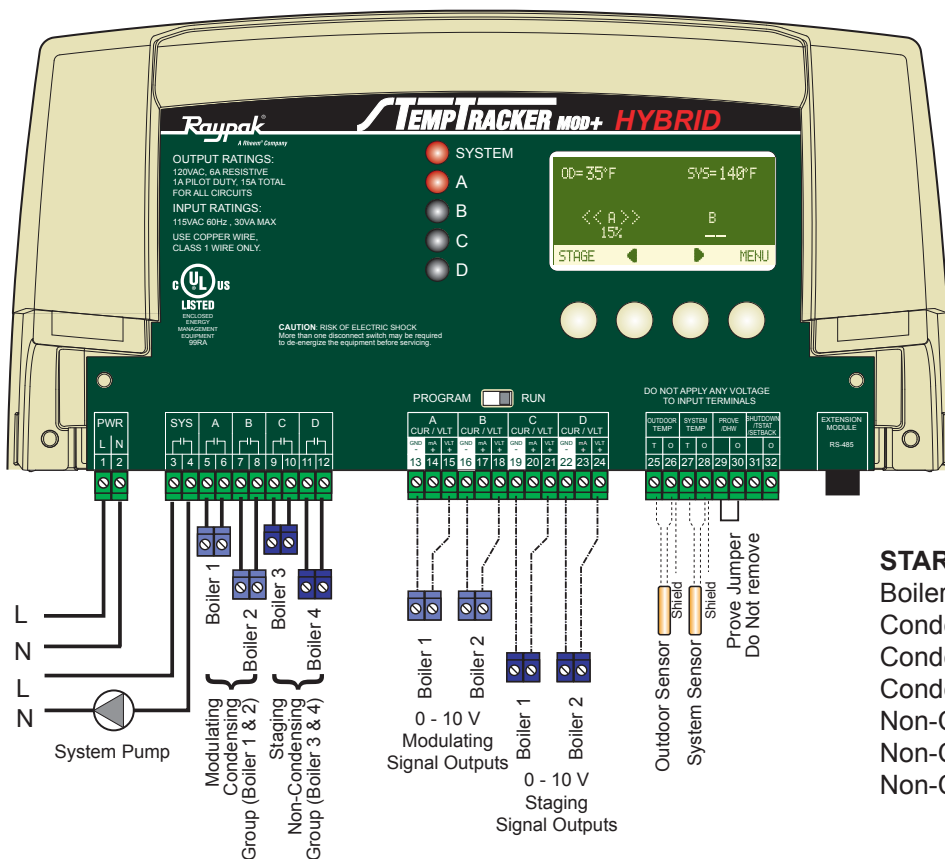
HYBRID WIRING DIAGRAM



**Two 4-20mA Modulating
Condensing Boilers
and Two 4-Stage Non-
Condensing Boilers**

STARTUP SETTINGS

Boiler Type = Hybrid
Condensing Boiler Type = Modulating
Condensing Boiler Number = 2
Condensing Modulating Mode = Parallel
Non-Condensing Boiler Type = Staging
Non-Condensing Output Type = 4-Stages
Non-Condensing Boiler Number = 2

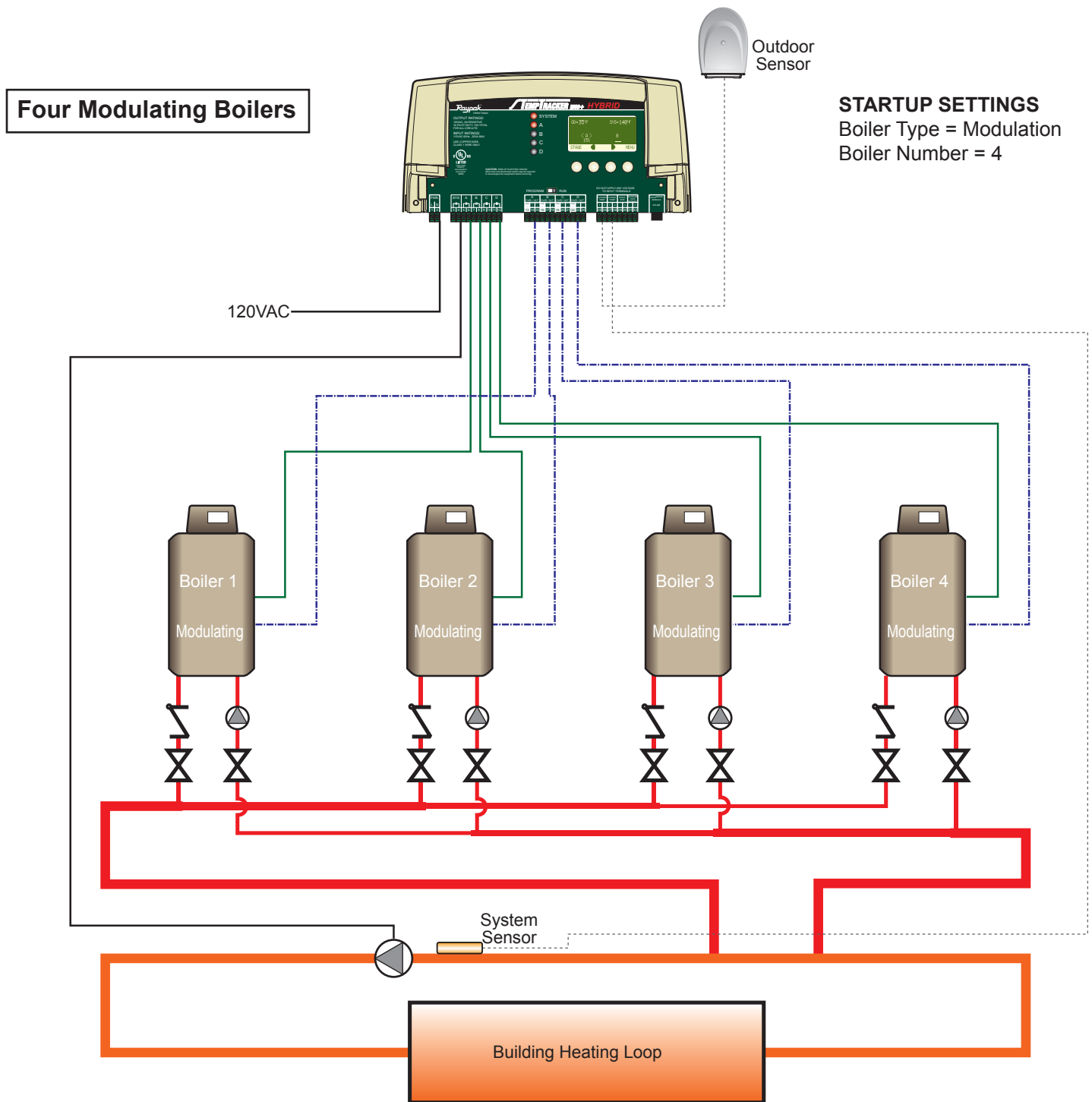


**Two 0-10V Modulating
Condensing Boilers
and Two 4-Stage Non-
Condensing Boilers**

STARTUP SETTINGS

Boiler Type = Hybrid
Condensing Boiler Type = Modulating
Condensing Boiler Number = 2
Condensing Modulating Mode = Parallel
Non-Condensing Boiler Type = Staging
Non-Condensing Output Type = 4-Stages
Non-Condensing Boiler Number = 2

MODULATING PIPING DIAGRAM

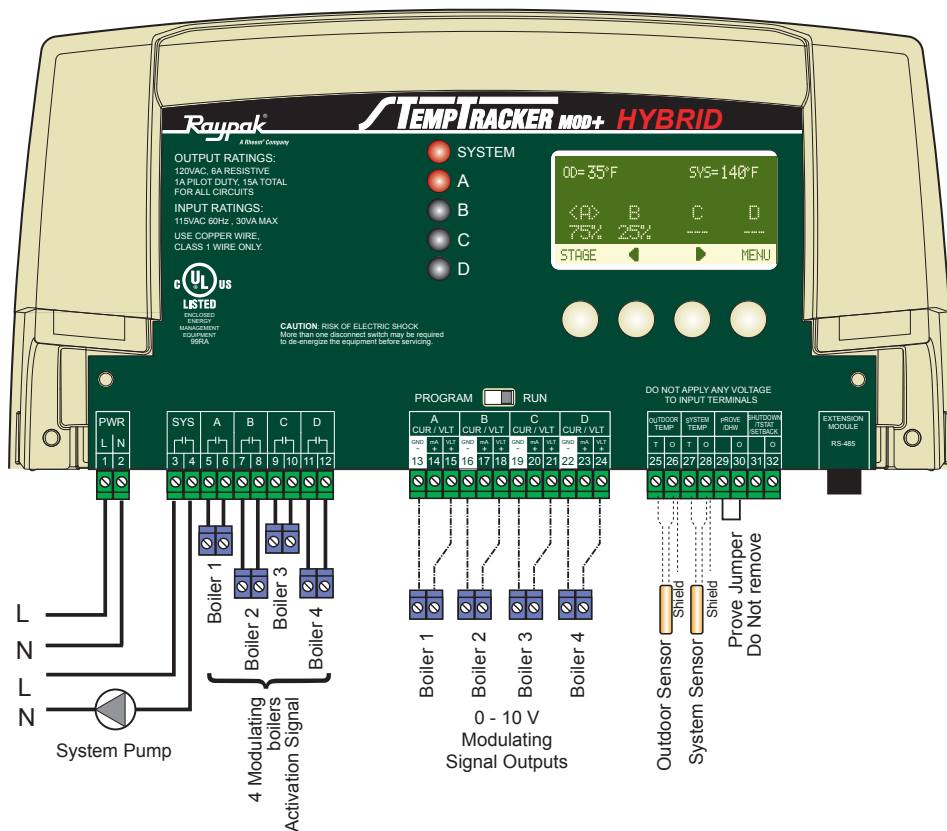
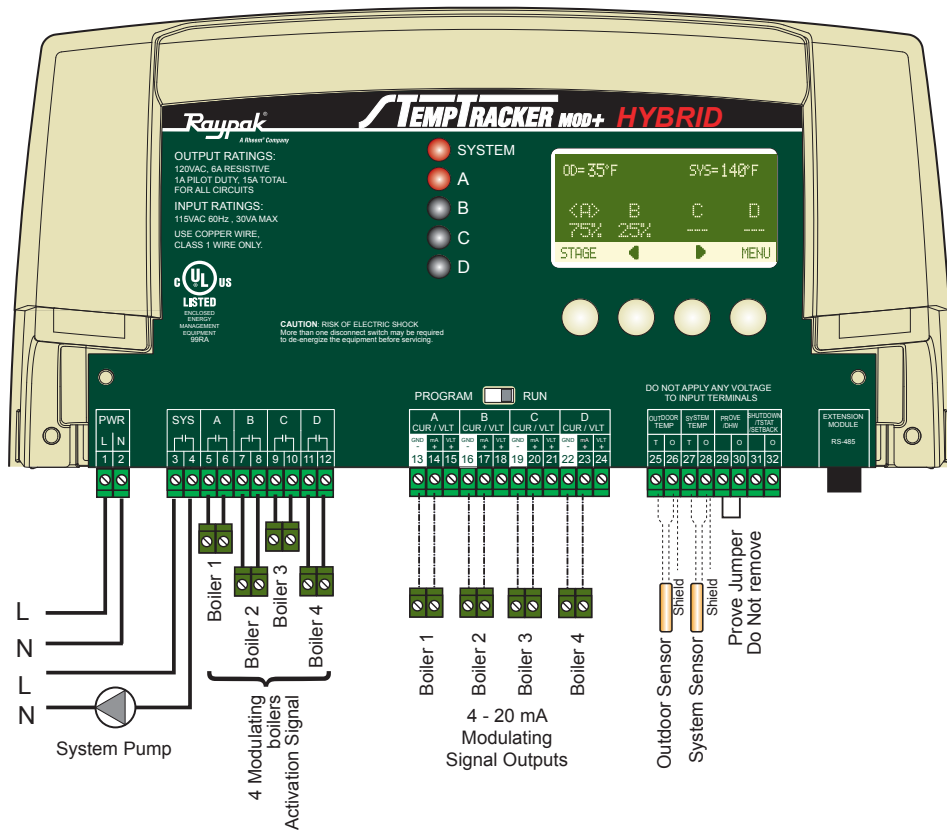


System:

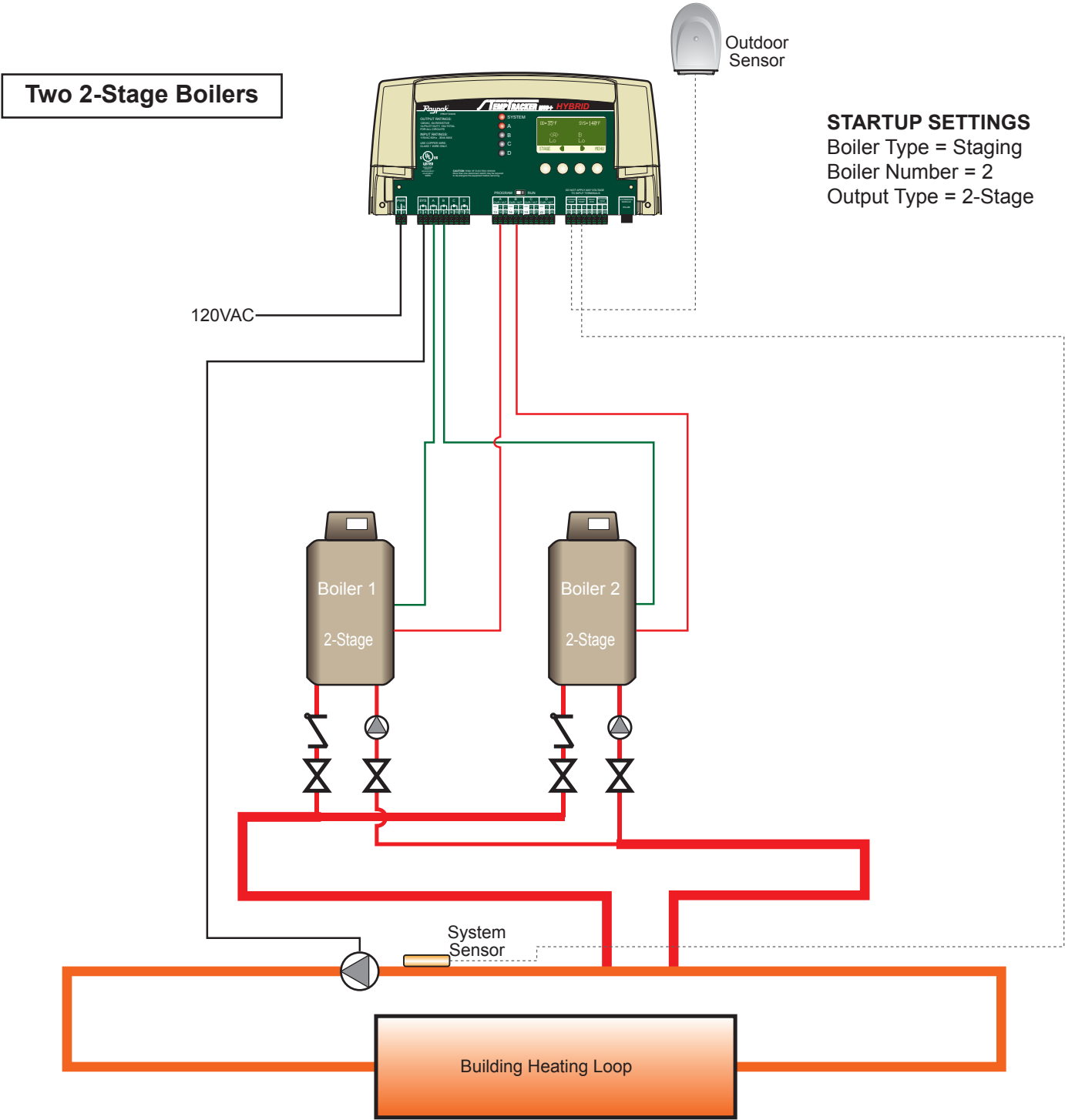
The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid operates four modulating boilers. The boilers are piped in Reverse Return on the primary loop. The System output is controlling the System Pump.

Raypak, Inc. is aware that each installation is unique. Thus, Raypak, Inc. is not responsible for any installation related to any electrical or plumbing diagram generated by Raypak, Inc. . The provided illustrations are to demonstrate Raypak, Inc.'s control operating concept only.

MODULATING WIRING DIAGRAM



STAGING PIPING DIAGRAM

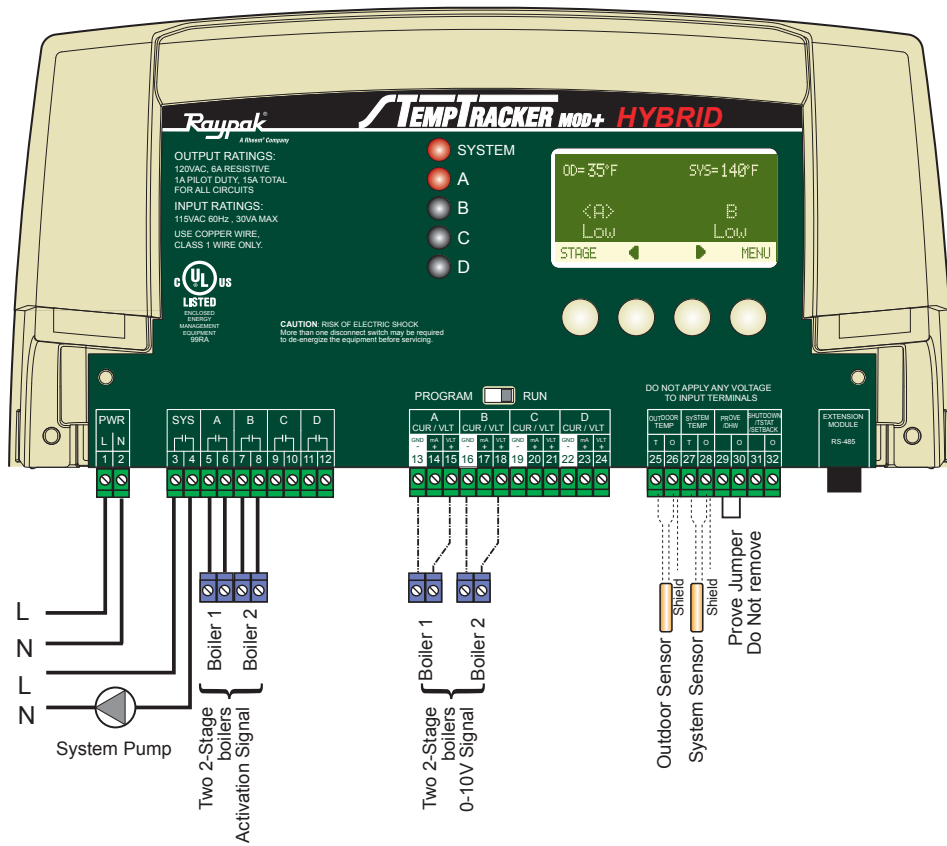


System:

The TempTracker mod+ Hybrid operates two 2-stage Boilers. The boilers are piped in Reverse Return on the primary loop. The System output is controlling the System Pump.

Raypak, Inc. is aware that each installation is unique. Thus, Raypak, Inc. is not responsible for any installation related to any electrical or plumbing diagram generated by Raypak, Inc. . The provided illustrations are to demonstrate Raypak, Inc. 's control operating concept only.

STAGING WIRING DIAGRAM



SPECIFICATIONS

Voltage Input:	120 VAC 60 Hz
Power Consumption:	12 VA Max
Operating Temperature:	20°F/-6°C to 130°F/54°C
Operating Humidity:	20% to 80% non-condensing
Dimensions:	11"W x 9" H x 3 3/4" D
Weight:	2.5 pounds

TEMPTRACKER MOD+ HYBRID SPECIFICATIONS

Switch Between Boiler Groups Mode:	Using Target Temperature
Lead Stage Rotation:	Time (1 to 1440 Hours (60 days)), Manual, Last-On
Pump Output:	1 N.O. S.P.S.T
Modulating Boiler Modes:	Auto, Manual, Standby, On, Off
Staging Boiler Modes:	Auto, Standby, On, Off
Standby Time:	1 to 60 minutes
Modulating Output Types:	4-20mA and 0-10V
Sequencing Output Types:	On/Off, 2-Stage, 3-Stage, or 4-Stage
Output Relay Ratings:	1 Amp inductive (1/3 HP), 6Amp resistive at 120 VAC 60 Hz, 15A total for all circuits
Add-On Extension Panels:	up two Extension Panels using RS485
Ignition Point %:	1 to 50%
Modulation Start Point %:	0 to 100%
Modulation Modes:	Normal or Parallel
Sequencing Modes:	Lo/Hi/Lo/Hi or Lo/lo/Hi/Hi
Temperature Display:	Fahrenheit or Celsius
Display:	Graphical Alphanumeric (up to 7 rows x 21 char. each)
LED:	1 System Output relay, 4 Boiler Output relays
Control Sensor Ranges:	Outdoor temperature sensor - minus 35°F/-37°C to 250°F/121°C Heating system sensor - minus 35°F/-37°C to 250°F/121°C
Outdoor Cutoff Range:	20°F/-6°C to 100°F, ON and OFF
Reset Ratio Range:	(1:4) to (4:1) (Outdoor : System Water)
Offset Adjustment:	minus -40F°/-22C° to plus 40F°/22C°
Minimum Water Temperature:	70°F/21°C to 170°F/77°C
Maximum Water Temperature:	90°F/32°C to 240°F/116°C
Indirect Domestic Hot Water:	with Priority or without Priority
Pump Run-On:	0 to 360 minutes
Purge Delay:	0.0 to 10.0 minutes
Lag Delay:	0 to 60 minutes
Last Stage Hold:	0 to 30°F
Schedules:	1 Day and 1 Night (Setback) setting per day
Night Setback:	0F°/0C° to 75F°/42C°
Power Backup:	Lithium coin battery, 100 days minimum 5 year replacement (Maintains Clock in power outages)
External Inputs:	Shutdown, Tstat, and Setback Input, and Prove and DHW Call Input. (Dry Contacts Only)
Season:	Winter and Summer

EXTENSION SPECIFICATIONS

(Each Extension can add up to (6) additional boiler stages. A maximum of two Extensions can be used.)

Extension Numbering:	Toggle Switch A (Stages E - J, LEDs are Green) or B (Stages K - P, LEDs are Red)
Boiler Outputs:	(6) N.O. S.P.S.T.
Modulating Output Types:	(6) 4-20mA and 0-10V
Output Relay Ratings:	1 Amp inductive (1/3 HP), 6Amp resistive at 120 VAC 60 Hz, 15A total for all circuits
Connection to TempTracker mod+ Hybrid and another extension:	Two RS485 connections using 6 wire phone cable (Cable is provided)